Bandatia

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HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY OCTOBER 7, 1904—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2631.

MURDER FIRST DEGREE FOUND AGAINST MIRANDA

The Jury Deliberated More Than One Hour. Miranda on the Witness Stand---Last Days' Proceedings.

"TERRITORY OF HAWAII VS. JOSE MIRAN-DA. MURDER. WE THE JURY IN THE ABOVE ENTITLED CAUSE FIND THE DEFENDANT GUILTY OF MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE. "JONATHAN SHAW,

"FOREMAN."

With the rendering of the foregoing verdict at 5:25 p. m. yesterday, the trial of Jose Miranda for the murder of Samuel Edward Damon on the night of Tuesday, September 27, 1904, came to an end. The case was called for trial on Monday morning last. Two days were consumed in obtaining a jury, so that the actual trial occupied two days.

After the polling of the jury and the noting of exceptions as stated in the regular order of proceedings below, the court consulted counsel on the time for delivery of sentence.

SENTENCE ON TUESDAY.

Judge Gear, on continuing the case for sentence until Tuesday morning, made the following remarks:

"Before the court takes adjournment the court wishes to thank the counsel for the defendant for the faithful and able manner in which they have performed their duties. It was a labor of love in the interests of justice, taking up the case at the request of the court, and receiving no compensation. The court thanks you, Mr. Thompson, and asks you to thank Mr. Davis, who is absent."

LARGE .CROWD PRESENT.

The courtroom was crowded throughout the day, even to most of the standing room, with a heterogeneous assembly as to racial features. There was if anything a larger attendance when the verdict was rendered than at any previous time of the day. While a goodly proportion of the spectators consisted of respectable citizens, no news would be sent but when the dropping in at intervals of leisure and after business hours, there chaperones said that the men could go and as soon as they were located the was a considerable presence of the element for which criminal courts up on a hill and see the fight all eagerly Russian shells began to churn up the are established

Next to the verdict itself, the feature of the day was Miranda's appearance on the witness stand in his own behalf. A perusal of the result below will probably convince the reader, as it did intelligent people who heard the interpretation in court, that the defendant HUNDRED DOLLAR ROUND supplied whatever might be lacking in proof of malice aforethought and premeditation as those elements of a murder case are judicially

The length of time taken by the jury to agree upon their verdict was caused, it is said, by two of the jurors holding out awhile for a verdict of manslaughter.

Miranda was indicted, it may be recalled, the day after the mur-

CHITO'S EVIDENCE.

Chito, called "the blind boy" on account of some trouble with his sight the time of the murder, concluded his evidence at the opening of court in the morning. When "the man in the buggy" after alighting had asked Miranda a third time to put the lantern back, witness saw no more, as he ran away. He was carrying the woman's shoes and dropped one of them. At the top of the hill the three joined hands and ran. Jose told him he had cut one of his hands and witness asked him if he had cut the man. Miranda told him he had, that he had cut him in the stomach. Miranda carried witness across a bridge and ditch on his back. as they struck the railroad track. He told witness he cut his hand on the Inife when stabbing the American.

Cross-examined, Chito said he had worked at plantation labor most of his life; worked at Waipahu three years ago; was in Honolulu two years in jail for breaking a window and stealing watches; could not tell whether the American came out of his buggy before the conversation, because he could not see that night.

Thomas Anderson, employed on the Damon premises, testified to the placing of the lantern on the roadside.

THE WOMANS STORY.

Marie Antonia Collona, sworn, declaimed in a high key the following prelude to her testimony: "Tell the Judge I'm going to tell nothing but the

Witness said she heard threats every day, as she traveled in the patrol wagon to and from court, from Porto Ricans to kill her for testifying against Miranda, Judge Gear regarded this as a serious matter, which should be at-

tended to by the police. Witness was with defendant at Moanalus on September 27; they had a meal there, she baying brought food from town. In the evening Miranda gare her a dozen rocks to hold, which

tired her hands; she threw them away. She told Miranda she wanted to go home to her bed: she was not a dog to sleep in the woods; defendant stayed with Chito while she went to get a bundle of clothes; then they took hold of Chito's hands and started on. They saw two lights on the Government road; Jose told her to take one of them; she refused saying it was not hers, and Jose got the light himself...

As they went on, the buggy passed them; the man in the buggy asked where they got the light. Jose answered: "You go to hell, it's none of your business." The buggy went on and came back, and Jose threw the lantern away; he said he wanted his hands clear to defend himself; the buggy came near running over them.

Jose jumped to one side and witness seized Chito and took him to the other side; the American got out of the buggy and looked at her for about three minutes, then be told Jose to return the light and Jose swore at him; then the American took hold of Jose's shoulders and shoved him; that was the time Jose stabbed him. Jose threw away the knife and said they would have to run. Chite stumbled in a ditch and witness lost a shoe; Jose went ahead; he told Chito he was cut; Jose carried Chito across ditches on his back.

Cross-examined by Mr. Thompson Marie said she had talked with the Attorney General but not Ahat day and only once when Chito was present When the American came back in the rig, Jose first asked him what he wanted. Witness said before she went to juil she did washing for two Porto Rican boys, who paid her ten cents for two pieces

Mr. Davis about this stage put som questions.

'You better go please put the light back" was what the American said Witness illustrated with the interpreter how Damon laid hands on the defendant, pressing lightly with the ends

(Continued on Page 5.)

JAPAN BELIEVES SHE CAN BORROW A FIGHTING QUARTER OF A BILLION PER ANNUM

Correspondent From the Battleffelds Here.

There were only two correspondents that saw the battle of Liao Yang and one of them is in this city. He is Grant Wallace, leading editorial writer of the San Francisco Bulletin and a prominent artist and newspaper man of San Francisco. How he managed to get to the front when others failed and his experiences on the firing line of the greatest battle of this generation and one of the greatest of modern times is a story that reads like a novel and speaks volumes for the grit and enterprise of the modern newspaper man.

On the evening of the 29th of August the Russian army lay entrenched in a semicircle about the city of Liao Yang. The center and the right wing were posted on a chain of hills in which were three prominent elevations. Opposite the Russian lines lay the Japanese army in a huge horseshoe. General Oku's army was on the left, General Takushan in the center and General Kuroki on the right. In the Takushan army were four hundred guns in the cane fields in gether a while they separated. Of the which his army was encamped. The Russians maintained two lines of de-

The battle began with the attempt of General Kuroki to cut off Kuropatkin's line of retreat and skirmishes between Oku's cavalry and Stakelberg's corps. At this time the war correspondents, some fifteen or twenty in number were the rear of Oku's army- Attached to the hindquaters of the Japanese army as Mr. Wallace outs it. The officials had promised them that this time they gested that as the promises had never been fulfilled that it might be a good idea to sit down and tell the officers that followed with the exception of Wallace



MARQUIS OYAMA, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE JAPANESE

GENERAL KODAMA (STANDING). GENERAL TERAUCHE

FORCES. TING). From stereograph copyright, 1904, by H. C. White Co., New York; H. G. Ponti ng, artist,

entire party which started to the front Wallace was the only one that got near enough to smell powder.

The second correspondent who saw the battle was Lieut. Kann of the French army who is doing work for the Paris Figure. He fell in with Wallace on the way and they both reached the camp of the Takushan army, without any trouunder the care of military chaperones in ble. There they saw the three days of heaviest fighting. The first attack of the Japanese was directed against Wedge Hill, the most easterly of the three hills. This summit was occupied would see a real fight. Wallace sug- by the Russian center. The first attack was repulsed and from that time on the battle raged fiercely along fifteen miles of front. The Russians sent up a balloon to determine the Japanese position dust on the hills. At noon on the 30th and Whiting, artist of the London Gra- Takushan charged and took Wedge Hill (Continued on Page 5.)

two divisions and in Kuroki's were four. ents had gone the two set out eastward General Oku had between three and toward the hill. After traveling to Russians Are Preparing to Move Out of Mukden-Sally From Port Arthur?

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CARLEGRAMS.)

TOKIO, Oct. 7.—Count Okuma in his budget speech predicted that the war would cost Russia two billion dollars. If necessary Japan could borrow \$250,000,000 per year providing the \$75,000,000 already borrowed abroad caused no depreciation of securities.

MOVING AT MUKDEN.

MUKDEN, Oct. 7.—There is an unusual bustle here, the streets being crowded with carts and mules. Evidently something is in the wind.

PROBABLY EVACUATION.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 7.—It is believed the activity at Mukden indicates an evacuation.

A PORT ARTHUR RUMOR.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 7.—A report that the Port Arthur squadron has made another sortie is received with some credence

AFTERNOON REPORT.

MUKDEN, Oct. 6.—The main forces of both armies are quiet. The scouts are active.

CHEFOO, Oct. 6.—The Japanese squadron is thought to have been damaged by a storm in the Yellow Sea.

TOKIO, Oct. 6.—Count Okuma in a public address warns the people of Japan to prepare for a long war. He predicts that the cost to Japan of two years' war will be a billion dollars. He alleges that the Japanese officials are corrupt.

MUKDEN, Oct. 5.—Skirmishes on Kuropatkin's front indicate a forward movement by Oyama.

KUROKI IS LOCATED,

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 5.—Kuroki's forces have been located at Bentsiaputze. Their position is unchanged. Nodeu is at Yentai and Oku west of the railway.

FEAR CHINESE DISORDERS.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The Japanese have begun an agitation in north China which, it is feared, may cause disorders in the event of Russian success, causing the leading powers to intervene.

QUIET AT VLADIVOSTOK.

VLADIVOSTOK, Oct. 5.- Everything is quiet here and the people are returning. Salt is scarce. The navigation of the Amur

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 6.—It is rumored that Alexieff will succeed Lamsdorff as Minister of Foreign Affairs. Kuropatkin's friends are confident that he will be given temporary command of both Russian armies.

BRIGANDS AID JAPANESE.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 6.—Ten thousand Chinese brigands are co-operating with the Japanese.

ADVANCE POSTS DRIVEN IN.

HARBIN, Oct. 6.—It is reported that the Japanese advance posts have been driven back along the line between Hunso and

RECRUITING CHINESE.

MUKDEN, Oct. 6.—The Japanese are recruiting Chinese militia.

TRIP RATE MADE BY THE VANCOUVER STEAMERS

Canadian Pacific Railway Company. Office of the Passenger Traffic Manager.

Montreal, Sept. 16, 1904.

E. M. Boyd, Esq., Secretary Hawaii Promotion Committee, San Francisco, Cal.

Dear Sir: Replying to your recent favor I take pleasure in advising you that we have arranged for our November, December and January sailings to sell at a special round trip rate of \$100.00 from Portland, Puget Sound and British Columbia ports to Honolulu and that this rate will be used for basing purposes by all agents east of Vancouver. I trust that this may produce the desired result.

Yours truly,

(Signed)

ROBERT KERR.

The above letter was received a few days ago by Secretary Boyd of the Promotion Committee and was laid before the regular session of that body yesterday afternoon. It was the cause of great rejoicing because it means that the committee has at last some definite result after its strenuous campaign for lower rates between the coast and Hawaii. Formerly all the lines were in an agreement by which tickets were sold at the same rate and were good on any of the lines. The rate just made by the Canadian Pacific people is entirely outside of this agreement and is good only on the boats of the Canadian-Australian line.

Although this rate does not involve the other companies they will keep a close eye on the flow of traffic and if it turns to the "All Red" line it is more than probable that there will be more rate-cutting. The rate quoted is an experiment for the months indicated but if it proves a success the company has assured the local committee that it will be continued. The reduction of \$35 in the round trip rate is a big cut and will mean considerable saving even taking into consideration the railway fare from San Francisco to Vancouver.

SWORN

Twelve Men Ready to Try Jose Miranda.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser)

Jonathan Shaw, Sam. E. Pierce, Charles Hummel, W. C. Wilder, W. Matlock Campbell, C. J. Ludwigsen, W. P. Kaohi, F. J. Dutra, Frank E. Blake, C. F. Merrifield, F. E. Nichols, B. F.

The above is the Jury that will try the case of the 1 erritory of Hawaii vs. Jose Miranda, charged with murder in the first degree, it being alleged that the defendant is the one who murdered S. Edward Damon on the night of Tuesday, September 27, near Moanalua, by stabbing him with a knife.

It was late in the day when the jury was finally found satisfactory to both sides, the last man going into the box, also being the last man on the especial

EXCUSES OF JURORS.

When the examination of prospective jurors was made by M. F. Prosser for the Attorney General's Department, and by George A. Davis and Frank Thompson for the defense, there were some amusing reasons given why they should be excused, although many were for urgent business reasons. A. B. Arleigh, was excused on his plea of business affairs. E. A. Lewis had scruples against the infliction of the death penalty. Harry Armitage had business affairs to attend to. A trio of Hawaiians could not understand English. Jonathan Shaw passed the ordeal and was accepted. J. A McCandless was excused as having formed an opinion, and Charles S. Crane for the same reason.

A special venire was then issued returnable at 3 p. m. when the examination of prospective jurors was continued. THE JURY COMPLETED.

Haiola, served to appear as a juror, was discovered to be a police officer and was present in his uniform. He had been a member of the force for ten months.

L. de L. Ward was excused as being

Edwin L. Brown was the only one who could attend to his business. He had several engagements which required his personal attention. His firm the Dearborn Drug and Chemical Co. was a foreign corporation, and had paid a Territorial tax. This was noted amid

Manuel Miranda, no relative of the murderer was not of age, being only 17

H. W. Lake arose. "Can't you find a seat Mr. Lake," inquired the court. court excused the hotel man.

same old reason"-only one who could on. attend to his dress-making business. Mr. Hummel was then called to the jury box. He had no scruples against the infliction of capital punishment. He

was passed for cause by both sides. Mr. Axtell was then excused by the

I. W. Maguire was opposed to capital punishment, and was excused by the prosecution.

John Isaacs had no scruples against the death penalty, although his answers were somewhat indefinite. He was not sure what a "reasonable doubt" meant, but he was sure he could give the prisoner a fair trial. Thompson objected to the juror as not being sufficiently versed in English to be able to understand the Judge's instruction to the jury. Judge Gear asked him what the definition of reasonable was and he replied that he did not know. On this showing, the Judge excused Mr. Isaacs.

J. C. Quinn was opposed to capital punishment. 'What State do you come from?"

"What?" "I didn't say Ireland, Mr. Prosser, I

said Iowa.' 'You're excused," said the Judge. C. J. Ludwigsen had no scruples against the death penalty. He was passed for cause by the defense. The pro-

secution waived its right to challenge.

The defense challenged Mr. Naukana. W. H. Babbitt was called. He was opposed to capital punishment. He was challenged by the prosecution and ex-

Frank E. Blake, who, in another murder case, had "read up" on the same in

order to get excused from jury duty, was excused. "You have read of this case in the

"Very sparingly," was the reply, amid general laughter. He said he was not "Well. newspapers?"

opposed to capital punishment. He was passed for cause by both sides. The defense waived its next two challenges.

sure that he could give Miranda a fair won't be home tonight." trial, although he had a strong impression against the defendant.
"Of course, Mr. Parnes you know

that the newspapers make mistakes, grievous mistakes," said Mr. Davis.

Mr. Prosset quoted Chief Justice Mar tem to a healthy condition. It is fashall in point as to the impression Mr. Barnes had formed. Both sides entered the civilized world. For sale by all upon a lengthy debate on the occasion of what Mr. Barnes meant to imply by the & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawall. Simpression" he had formed by reading [

fense and excused the juron.

E. G. Carrera was called. He had-no feeling that as Miranda was the prisoner.

was challenged and excused. B. F. Vickers was called. He had no E. W. Jordan.

scruples against the infliction of the death penalty.

"Were you down town the night of the murder," asked Mr. Thompson. "Yes, I was down town where I met Mr. Taylor here and he told me that Mr. Damon had been stabbed."

The juror was passed. The jury was then pronounced satisfactory to both sides and the twelve men

were sworn by Clerk Sims. Judge Gear said he was perfectly willing to go on with a night session. The Attorney General said he was not ready, having sent his witnesses away as it was

The Judge cautioned the jury not to converse with any one. They were not to separate, and no individual could leave the others without being in charge

Bailiff Ellis took charge of the jury and escorted that body to the Hawaiian Hotel where a cottage has been set apart for the twelve men.

"I can't see whe we cannot go on with this case tonight," said George Davis. "There's a good many things you can't see, Mr. Davis," rejoined the court.

This case will be adjourned to 9:30 o'clock this morning. BOYD CASE CONTINUED

In the case of the Territory vs. E. S. Boyd, embezzlement, set for hearing yes-terday in Judge Robinson's court, Attorney Chillingworth appeared for defendant but on request of the Attorney General the case was continued until the conclusion of the Miranda murder case. The jurors were excused until today.

MRS., TURK LOSES. Frank J. Turk yesterday was awarded

a decision by Judge Robinson in his action against Estrella Turk, his former wife. This gives him the custody of a horse, buggy and harness.

The Judge said that although in reason he felt Mrs. Turk should have the property, yet he had to abide by the

JUDGE DE BOLT'S CASES. Judge De Bolt will call the balance of the civil cases on his calendar on Friday morning, October 7 at 9 a. m.

A LITTLE LOVE-FEAST. While waiting for the prisoner to appear in the Damon murder case yesterday afternoon in Judge Gear's court it was suggested to Attorney General Andrews that perhaps the prisoner had escaped. Chester Doyle, who was sitting nearby ventured the opinion that he wa being registered.

The wait also brought out an incident which cause widespread interest. Both Attorney General Andrews and George A. Davis were discovered joking to-gether as if they were bosom friends. SHOULD CHAIN STREETS.

There seems a need for chaining up Mililani street between King and Queen streets during sessions of court under Judges Gear and De Bolt. When wagons pass by, witnesses' testimony is drowned out and a serious interruption to the progress of cases occurs. During court sessions in New Orleans, the streets surrounding the court house are chained in.

PUNA ACQUIESCES.

In the case of the First National Bank vs. Puna Sugar Company, et al. the defendant company has filed its answer consenting to an order or decree, as well as the appointing of a receiver of all the property mentioned in the deed of

The B. F. Dillingham Co. makes iden-(Laughter.) "You wish to be excused?" tical answer. It further states that it "Yes, sir." Davis objected, but the does not claim or pretend to have any tical answer. It further states that it right, title or interest in the deed of F. Davison was excused for "the trust or in and to the moneys due there-

> EMMELUTH WANTS DAMAGES The amended complaint of plaintiff in the case of John Emmeluth vs. Mary E. Forster was filed yesterday. It is complained that the defendant has unjustly taken into her exclusive possession and converted to her use certain real property as follows: The share of Opu (k) in the Huiaina of Kahana in Koolauloa, Oahu. Plaintiff claims to own in fee simple one undivided one-half of the aforesaid property, and therefore claims damages in the sum of \$250.

When Judge Gear had sworn in the Damon murder jury last evening and announced that the jurors would be held in the custody of the bailiff and would not be permitted to separate, but would the map he had made of part of the Ewa pass the night at the Hawaiian Hotel, there was consternation in the box. They began bobbing up and beckoning

to the judge to ask favors.
"Judge, I was drawn for this jury about 2 o'clock and made no arrangements about my business," said one. "I would like to go home and get a bath

and bring down some fresh linen. "That's all right," returned the Judge, we'll give you a bath at the hotel free of charge and send a bailiff to your

house for your clothes." "Your honor, I would like to go to my office and explain a few things to my bookkeeper," said another, "I've got

"Well, we'll send the bookkeeper to the hotel to see you," answered the

'I'd like to go home to see my wife, was another's plea. "She doesn't like to have me stay out at nights and I Mr. Barnes was called He was not would like to tell her in advance why I

> CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY CURES COLDS.

This remedy acts on nature's plan. allars the cough, relieves the lungs. The defense submitted a challenge, aids expectoration, opens the secretions, which was denied by the presecution, and aids nature in restoring the sys mous for its cures over a large part of dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith

A benefit dance will be given by the The court ruled in favor of the de- Atkinson Boat Crew Saturday night. October 8th, at Odd Fellows' Hall, bescruples against the death penalty. He showing at 7.20 p. m. The Solomon scrupics against the death pena ty 110 Quintette Club will furnish the music had a strong impression in the case. Quintette Club will furnish the music feeling that as Micropal was the arisoner for the dancing during the evening. he was the guilty party. Mr. Carrera The patronesses will be Mrs. C. S. Hol-was challenged and excused.

IS NEARING CONCLUSION

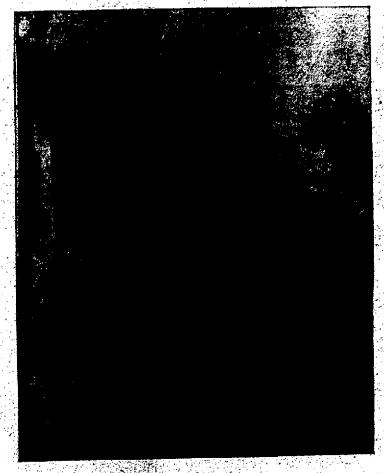


Photo by H. P. Roth.

JOSE MIRANDA, THE PORTO RICAN WHO IS BEING TRIED IN JUDGE GEAR'S COURT FOR THE MURDER OF S. EDWARD DAMON.

Only One More Witness to Be Called by the Prosecution—Story of the Tragedy as Told by Witnesses.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.) Despite many arguments on the admissibility of evidence, in the course of which the jury would be excused from the courtroom, the trial of Jose Miranda for the murder of Samuel Edward Damon made good progress yesterday. Prospects are good for a conclusion of the trial today.

The prosecution has but one more witness to call. This is the woman, Marie Antonia Collona, who was with an is that George A. Davis, first counsel for Miranda assigned by the court, a year's imprisonment for some offense.

Some evidence offered was ruled out on the questions and other evidence struck out on motion of the defense alert in seizing upon every legal objection they could raise from the books to intercept points attempted to be made by the prosecution.

RESUME OF PROCEEDINGS.

Attorney General Lorrin Andrews, who is assisted by his Deputy, M. F. Prosser, opened the Territory's case to the jury at 10 o'clock, first reading the indictment and then narrating the circumstances of the crime that would be endeavored to be brought home to the defendant at the bar.

Olaf Sorenson of the Survey Department, the first witness called, identified road showing marked different points to be referred to by witnesses.

Dr. James R. Judd testified regarding the fatal wound in Damon's body. The instrument had pierced through the abdomen to the lumbar muscles, reaching to within two inches of the surface in the victim's back. Witness identified the white shirt that with trousers formed Damon's apparel when he was carried to the Queen's Hospital. He showed the rent the dagger had made, as the garment dyed with blood was exhibited to the jury.

High Sheriff A. M. Brown was called special police officers. Counsel for the latter said: defense having requested a statement of a the object in view, Mr. Andrews stated lantern from the roadside.

Counsel for the defense objected that dence to show that a police officer was killed in the performance of duty would be unfair to the defendant.

The witness was withdrawn. Eugene P. Sullivan was next called. That evening about 6:30 he and T. Ozawa took a walk in the direction of Moanalna until they reached the bridge, when they started back in the direction of Honolulu. Two Chinese passed them where a red lantern on a stick was placed upon a pile of dirt, in the road. Later a rig passed going toward Honolulu. Thereawere three persons in a buggy. Witness and Ozawa turned and witness entered a Chinese store to get a light for his cigar. The two proceeded saw some nersons take the red light and walk away with it in the direction of whether or not Damon's hand of me in just as necessity may require,

Honolulu. They were in front of wit-

As they continued walking, they sav a buggy coming from Honolulu way. When the buggy met the persons having the lantern, words were heard as of argument. At first the talk was in Hawaiian. One of the three with the lantern was a man in a white coat and another a good-sized woman. The lantern had been thrown into the middle of the road.

Damon stopped his buggy on the makai side of the road and was seen by witness going to the middle of the road Miranda and "the blind boy," Chito, from behind the buggy. As witness when Damon was stallbed. An interest- and Ozawa approached the scene of ing coincidence in respect to this wom-

"That's my lantern, damn you, and when a Circuit Judge sentenced her to I want you to put it back," was Damon's answer.

The Porto Rican then made a rush at Damon and struck him low with an under swing of his arm, which witness on the stand illustrated. Damon reafter the answers had been recorded treated toward his buggy, where he Messrs. Davis and Thompson were both responded to his name when addressed by witness. Witness asked what the matter was, as he went toward the the allegations, this defendant consents Porto Rican. Damon answered that he was cut and when Sullivan repeat-



THE LATE S. E. DAMON.

and asked if it was his duty to appoint ed the question to the Porto Rican the

"You better keep away from me."

Witness went back to Damon, who that it was the purpose of the prosecu- answered further questioning by say-tion to show that Damon was a special ing he was hurt "awfully bad." Dapolice officer at the time he remonstrate mon said something about "doctor," ed with the Porto Rican for removing a witness could not remember just what Witness got the Chinaman who had been with Damon in the buggy to get the indictment did not charge Miranda, out of the front seat and take the poison him. Tuesday evening a Jap- of the appropriations for the repair and with killing a police officer, hence evi- back of the buggy. Then he got Damon into the buggy and put his right stabbed by a fellow countryman, who arm around him, driving with his left as quickly as possible for Honolulu. The victim was wounded in the abdo-Damon was wobbling directly after the start. Witness stopped at the Kalihi saloon and shouted that Eddle Damon was badly cut, and that two men and a woman who had done it were at the foot of the hill, telling the folks in the Astor on the Thames embankment saloon to ring up the police to have stands a steel desk, one of the curiosia doctor ready. He drove Damon to ties of which is the petty cash drawer. the police station and that was the always filled with sovereigns. Mr. last be saw of him.

Damon and the Porto Rican came to- ready cash to buy anything that may gether, Damon's right hand was ex- happen to catch his eye, and thus of centralized government has not to the crest of the hill, when witness tended at a level with the Porto from the couple of thousand pounds in Rican's head. He could not say his drawer he takes handfuls of gold

contact with either the head or shoulder of the Porto Rican, The movement he made was like the gesture

of a command. To jurers taking a hand in cross-ex-amination, Sullivan said the Porto Ricag came at Damon with a rush. He could not tell whether Damon's hand was open or closed. It was very dark and the whole trouble might have been not more than two minutes, or even one minute.

Counsel for the defense objected strongly to certain questions by jurors, Mr. Davis concluding one of his protests by exclaiming, "That's the limit." Judge Gear allowed some of the questions, however, and as to others not strictly admissible from the jury took the undisputed authority of the court to put the questions.

T. Ozawa, called, gave practically the same story as Sullivan's. One exception was that he had not caught the words between Damon and the Porto Rican. At the time of the final dispute, witness was engaged in holding back his dog. Mr. Davis made repeated attempts to get the witness to say that there was a quarrel, but the furthest Ozawa would go was to say that there was talk in loud tones. He refused to say even that the parties were talking angrily." Ozawa was dismissed at 12:45, when recess was taken until 2 p. m.

Detective McDuffie was called after recess. There was a long wrangle, after he identified the dagger as that which he had found about 100 feet from the scene of the stabbing, over the admissibility of his evidence of Miranda's admission to him in Oahu Prison, voluntarily, that the dagger belonged to him. Judge Gear finally admitted the evidence. Evidence of a robbery committed by Miranda, for which the police were seeking his arrest all day before the murder, was after a strenuous argument ordered stricken out.

The Chinese driver for Damon, Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth and Chito were called and examined. "The blind boy," Chito, testified of orders given by Miranda the day of the murder to carry stones with which to hit any Chinaman whom they might meet. This uner objection was ordered stricken out. The woman Collona, as last witness

for the prosecution, will be called this morning.

BOYD'S TRIAL DEFERRED. Judge Robinson yesterday continued the trial of E. S. Boyd for embezzling public money while Commissioner of Public Lands, at the request of the

Attorney General, until after the conclusion of the Miranda murder trial before Judge Gear. S. F. Chillingworth, attorney for defendant, entered objections to continuance.

CIVIL JURY SHORT. Kwong Lee Yuen Co. vs. Alliance Insurance Co, came up for trial before Judge De Bolt yesterday. The jury panel became exhausted and a special venire with 26 names was issued, returnable at 10 o'clock this mornma. Ballou & Mark for plaintiff; L. A. Thurston and Robertson & Wilder for

FORECLOSURE APPEAL.

W. C. Achi and W. R. Castle by Castle & Withington, their attorneys, and Kapiolani Estate, Ltd., by C. W. Ashford, its attorney, in the case of H. Hackfeld Co., Ltd.; vs. W. C. Achi and others, have appealed to the Supreme Court from the order of Judge Robinson providing that the sale of the property under foreclosure shall proceed, thatanding the appeal of fendants from the decree, unless these defendants shall give security in the sum of \$2000.

COURT NOTES.

Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd., by its presdent, L. A. Thurston, answers the bill of First National Bank of Hawaii et al. vs. Puna Sugar Co., Ltd., et al., saying that, without confessing all of to a decree appointing a receiver of the property mentioned in the deed of Republican territorial platform ado. trust

Judge De Bolt yesterday overruled the demurrer of defendants in the suit! tano and husband, an action to recover a real estate agent's commission.

Robert John Cochran answers the ran, denying all statements given as cause for divorce.

counts and granted the discharge of ability. Virginia Gomes, executrix of the Will of Francisco Gomes Capicha.

OFFICIAL DINNER

Chief Justice Walter F. Frear has issued invitations to an official dinner to be given on Monday evening next at the Alexander Young Hotel, complimentary to Supreme Court Justices Hartwell all citizens of Kaual, either directly or and Hatch.

Stabbing Affrays,

Two stabbing affrays have made life strenuous at the little village of Waianae during the past few days. Last Saturday afternoon one Look Hong time and attention to the deliberations stabled a fellow Chinaman by the of the Legislature while it is in session name of Young Hoon in the neck at not only to prevent unwise and extrathe Chinese camp. When arrested he claimed that Young Hoon had tried to given its rightful proportionate share anese by the name of Yoshita was had not been apprehended last night, which are in a diagraceful condition. men and was prought to this city.

- A MILLIONAIRE'S WHIM. In the offices of William Waldrof

Actor, it is said, likes to feel that he Cross-examined, Sullivan said that as is slways in command of sufficient

Election Supplies Provided at Home This Year.

In addition to these praviously reparted, the following nominations for the Legislature have been filed in the office of A. L. C. Atkinson, Secretary, of the Territory:

First Senatorial District-John T. Brown, J. B. Kachi, O. T. Shipman, J. F. Woods. Second Senatorial District-A. N. Hayselden, S. E. Kalama, William

White.

Third Senatorial District-J. M. Dowsett. Fourth Senatorial District-J. K.

Gandall, L. Nakapaahu.

NEPRESENTATIVES.

First Representative District-David Ewaliko, A. Fernandez, Wm. L. Keolanui, M. Kekino, Jas. D. Lewis, T. N. Naleilehua, W. H. Shipman, Carl S. Smith, Henry West.

Second Representative District-H. M. Kaniho, J. W. Kelilkoz, Chas. Ka. Keauhou, S. Lazaro, Chas. H. Pulsa. Third Representative District-W. J. Coelho, George Copp. W. P. Haia, C. L. Kookoo, D. H. Kahaulelio, John Kalino, Moses K. Nakuina, Philip Pall.

Kalelopu. Sixth Representative District-G. W. Mahikoa, Chas. A. Rice.

Fifth Representative District-A. S.

ELECTION SUPPLIES.

At the general election two years ago the inspectors were furnished with packages of assorted supplies put upby a San Francisco house. They were a great improvement on the old makeshifts of commercial blank books, corporation tally sneets, etc. Then Secretary Carter procured the supplies on samples enterprisingly furnished by the Coast house, because nothing of the kind had been known here before.

Secretary Atkinson this year placed. orders for all of the supplies with local printing and stationery houses, obtaining outlits for the polis every whit.

equal to the imported article. The assortment to be sent to each board of inspectors includes books for voters' lists, tally sheets ruled to give as many as 750 votes to a candidate, linen bags with printed address for forwarding returns to the secretary. telescope envelopes and boxes containing pens, pencils, sealing wax, twine, etc. The more difficult work, such asmaking the telescope envelopes, was performed by the Hawalian Gazette

KAUAI G. O. P.'S **ENDORSE CARTER**

The Kauai Republicans in adopting: their platform last week, heartily endorsed the Carter administration. To platform reads as follows:

"The Republican party of Kaua convention assembled this first da October, 1904, renews its allegiand the principles and traditions of the publican party of the nation and dorses the sentiments expressed in by the Territorial Convention at Hil

Hawaii, on the first of September, 190 "We particularly endorse the conof J. H. Schnack vs. Mary J. Mon- servative and economic policy of our governor, George R. Carter, at a time when the financial condition of the Territory was seriously crippled, and we libel in divorce of Corha Eliza Coch- consider the territory and the Republican party should congratulate itself. that it has at this time a Republican. Judge Robinson approved the ac- Governor of wisdom and executive

"We also endorse the Territorial platform wherein the support of the party is pledged to the re-election of Delegate Kalanianaoie, and we hereby express our appreciation to our Delegate for the benefits we have received in the way of federal favor through his-

efforts. "Kauai being solely a farming community, we believe in the disposal of unoccupied public lands to bona fidesettlers upon most favorable terms, but we do not endorse any policy that would in any manner jeopardize the chief industry of this island from which country its revenue, and we believe the farmer at home, who has made the country what it now is, should be given fully as much consideration as the unknown and untried farmer from abroad. We particularly charge our sensions and representatives to give their undivided vagant legislation for the Territory as a whole, but also to see that Kauai is improvement of our schools, court houses, jalls, roads, etc., many of

"We believe in the establishment of County Government, not because it may be the most economical policy in theory for the Territory, but because we believe that County Government alone will free Raual from taxation without proper compensation, and assure its rightful participation in needed appropriation. A centralised form of government should be more economical but the financial condition of the Territory of late is the strongest argument that we can advance to show that the theory benefitted Kauat in the past, either through failure of the system or those directing it."

Jupreme Court Upholds Triâl Court.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.) B. H. Wright, former chief clerk in the Public Works Department under the regime of Superintendent James H. Boyd, convicted of embeszlement of public funds in the Circuit Court & year and a half ago and sentenced to imprisonment for three years, had all his hopes of liberty crushed yesterday when the Supreme Court filed a lengthy opinion in the case, sustaining the verdict of the trial court. All of Wright's exceptions were overruled and the case remanded to the Circuit

Court to have the sentence carried out. The former public officer was immediately astrested and will shortly at once begin to serve out his term which was imposed by Judge De Bolt.

The B. H. Wright case is the first one of the public funds embezzlement matters, in which the defendant has finally been lodged in prison. James M. Boyd escaped the penalty on technicalities and W. H. Wright, the former treasurer, is now a fugitive of justice. To J. W. Cathcart, former Deputy Attorney General is largely due the conviction of B. H. Wright, as it was the who conducted the case in the trial court.

The substance of the decision, which is the unanimous opinion of the Supreme Court, is as follows:

The defendant was appointed by the Superintendent of Public Work as which clerk of the Department of Public duties as such clerk being prescribed by the Superintendent, amongst them being the charge of public money received at the department, the salary for his office being appropriated by the legislature, but no statute specifically authorized his appointment or placed him in charge of public money: held that the defendant was within the class of persons designated in section 15%, P. L., viz.: Whoever, being a collector, cashier, clerk or other person employed in the Government Treasury, or in any other department of the Government, is guilty of embezzlement of any money, note, or other effects or property belonging to the Govern-

"Defendants' receipt of \$3,289.53 as chief clerk of the department of Public Works, receipted for by him as and opened the inner drawer of the safe such clerk, his failure on demand to his check for it, asking that the matter be kept quiet, his failure, when asked, \$5,252.10 short in the accounts of the to say what he had done with the money, and his concealment of it, not safe in the office, and failing to pay it defendant, who asked the Deputy Audi-

the defendant are evidence of his would give his check for that amount. has nothing to do with the question." drudulent conversion or disposition of Dole asked him Will the check be are owner or person entitled thereto 'r Sec. 157, P. L.

witness for the prosecution testiapp that the Acting Superintendent rest'ublic Works told the defendant per, he suspended him. The objection answer. de by the defendant to the evidence "The S'at 'conversations could not be shown until proof of embezzlement of some specific sum' did not sufficiently gaise the question as to the relevancy of the evidence of the suspension of upon to do so to account for that the defendant.

"A stub book of receipts, cash receipts, and auxiliary cash book kept by clerks in the Department of Public Works under the defendant's supervision were admissible in evidence to to say what he had done with the show the method of transacting business in the office and that no entry was made in those books of the receipts of the money alleged to have been embezzled, the audit act of 1898 not re-Quiring that the Auditor General establish a uniform system of keeping public accounts, the absence of evi- the use and benefit of another than its dence that he had done so does not owner or the person thereto entitled' is as public records.

"Refusal of the court to allow a witness to the defendant's signature to a receipt for money to be asked on crossexamination whether he had compared the writing with other writings of defendant held not to be prejudicial error, the defendant having substantially admitted the receipt of the money.'

B. H. Wright's case was the first of a long and sensational series of embezzlement cases in the Public Works Department and Treasury Department. He was arrested in August 1902, in the absence of Superintendent Boyd who was in San Francisco and had left the department in charge of Tressurer W. H. Wright. The latter suspended B H Wright and took the steps which brought about the arrest, shortly before W H. Wright himself skipped \$18,000 short in his own department. There were two counts in the charges against B H Wright, the first alleging the embessiement of \$3,289 52, in the form of a check paid to him for the department by the Hawalian Electric Company, and the Record alleging the embessiement of 24 982 16 The conviction was on the he had expended or invested the mones. first charge. The trial took place at given it away or shared it with others the February term 1903, and the appeal has been pending ever since 3 W Cathcart as Deputy Attorney General prosecuted the case and J. J. Dunne and George A Davis defended As the case went to the Supreme Court Atterne General Andrews and

unanimous one!

The decision is in part as follows: "We can not concede the validity of the defendant's contention based on the claim that his employment as chief cierk of the Department of Public Works and of the market was not authorized by iaw, and that no law au-thorized the entrusting him with the public money in question. The evidence shows that at the time of his alleged embesslement he was employed in the alleged capacity, receiving his appointment from the superintendent, the legislature having made an appropriation for salary of chief cierk and tierk of the market, in its appropriations for the Department of Public Works, * * *

"The case above cited sustains our view that it was not requisite that in order to charge the defendant as a clerk or other person employed in the Department of Public Works,' his custody of public money as such clerk should be expressly authorized by stat-

"There is no requirement of statute that the appointment to receive public money shall be explicitly provided for or authorized by statute. The use in the section of the act above quoted of the words by any law, regulation or appointment,' implies that the regulation or appointment is something distinct from an appointment authorized by statute. The evidence that the Superintendent placed the defendant in charge of the public money in the office is equivalent to appointing him to do so, **

"The defendant's counsel strenuously contended that the evidence does not sustain or justify the verdict or show that the defendant received the money and fraudulently converted it to his own use.

"The evidence justifies findings as follows: That on August 16, 1902, the defendant, while employed as chief clerk of the Department of Public Works and of the market, and by virtue of that employment and in no other capacity had possession by the consent or authority of the Territory of the Works and clerk of the market, his sum of \$3,289.53 belonging to the Territory, being money received by him on a check of the Hawaiian Electric Company, Limited, drawn on the Bank of Hawaii in favor of the Department of Public Works, which check he that day cashed. That on September 9, 1902, at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works, in the presence of Attorney General E. P. Dole, High Sheriff Brown, Acting Superintendent and Treasurer William H. Wright, Deputy Auditor Meyers, and Siemsen and Cook, clerks in the Department of Public Works, the defendant, being requested to open the combination safe in the office, after trying to open it, said he had for gotten the combination, ran to the telephone and rang up his attorney, Long, who soon after came, when the defendant opened the safe, and also unlocked containing money. The Deputy Auditor account for the money, offer to give counted the money in the defendant's presence and announced that there was Public Works office; that at that time the check above mentioned was shown the question asked by the Attorney General, 'And what did you do with

the money?' the defendant, upon the

instruction of his attorney, made no

"The desendant's receipt of the said sum of \$3,289.53 in his capacity as chief clerk of the Department of Public WAU Works, which was receipted for, by him as chief clerk, his failure when called money, his offer to give his check for that money, and for other public money admitted by him as a part of the shortage in the accounts of the Public Works office, his failure, when asked, money, his concealment of the money and his request that the matter be kept quiet constitute in law the offense of embezzlement as defined by the statute. It is true that the defendant's fraudulent converting or disposing of this money 'to his own use and benefit or to take from these books their character not to be inferred from his having received the money and failed to pay it over to the Territorial treasurer, but the case shows more than a mere shortage of accounts; it shows that the defendant concealed the fact that he had received this money, and also concealed the money, the concealment consisting in his either retaining it or placing it in some place which he declined when requested to mention, in not paying it into the treasury from the date of its receipts by him on August 16 until September 9 or at all nor keeping it in the official safe in which it was usual to deposit such money. Not only the defendant did not account for the money when required to do so, or pay it to the person thereto entitled, namely, the Treasurer, but after admitting its receipt, when asked what he had done with it, he would not say. The money being traced to his possession, was as effectually converted or disposed of by him to his own use and benefit, or to the use and benefit of some other than the person thereto entitled by his retaining it and when called upon to account for it by failure to

> "As to the defendant having intended fraudulently to convert or dispose of his own acts We are of the opinion that the er [-

counsel the cause was elaborately presented, both by oral argument and briefs, in the Supreme Court on August 4 last. The decision today was a unanimous one: SEIZURE

Suddenly Stricken Down.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.) While leading a meeting of the Woman's Board at the Central Union church at three o'clock yesterday afternoon Miss Martha Chamberlain, one of the best known women in this city, was suddenly stricken by apoplexy. Miss Chamberlain opened the meeting and then read a chapter of Scripture. Toward the end of the reading it was noticed that Miss Chamberlain's voice was fell forward in her chair. Several ladies present went to her at once and she was placed on a sofa and a physician sum-moned. It was then thought that she-

When Dr. Waterhouse arrived he found that the entire right side of the body was paralyzed and announced that the cause was a blood clot on the left side of the brain. After stimulants had been administered, a hurry call was sent for the patrol wagon and Miss Chamberlain was conveyed to Miss John-son's Sanitarium. When she arrived at the hospital the patient seemed to be conscious but had lost the power of speech. While the stroke is serious it is probable that Miss Chamberlain will re-

was simply overcome by the heat.

fore she can talk, Miss Chamberlain is a member of one of the old missionary families and has lived in Honolulu all her life. She attended Mt. Holyoke Seminary (now College) graduating in the class of 1853 and returning to the islands via Cape Horn in the sailing ship Waverly. Last year she returned to her Alma Mater to attend the fiftieth anniversary of her class. She has been interested in missionary work all her life and has been a prominent worker on the Woman's

LATER-At midnight Miss Cham berlain's condition was unchanged. She was resting quietly. Inquiry at the sanitarium resulted in the information that the doctor had made no definite state ment as to the probable outcome since his examination.

ATKINSON SAYS

Secretary Atkinson says that, despite the futile efforts of contractors to procure citizen laborers, there are enough morning. During the last trip from making any deposit of it in the official to the Deputy Auditor and then to the all demands. He states that contractors citizen laborers in the islands to supply the house he called at the police stainto the treasury, constitute in law tor what it all amounted to, and bethe offense of embezzlement as defined ing told that it was \$8,541.63, and askan Sec. 157, P. L.

are merely making a mun at getting a. m. and on being asked by Clerk
ing told that it was \$8,541.63, and askwant," said he restgrday, "if they will Jack Kalakiels whether he was not
ed whether it was right, said that is
pay a fair price. It will probably cost afraid of Porto Ricans he responded "The foregoing acts and conduct of about it. The defendant then said he them more than Japanese labor, but that

The Secretary states that in a Maui money to his own use and benefit paid?" He said he would require four valley he asked a crowd of Hawaiians wa he use and benefit of another than days to raise the amount, and request- if they were willing to work for a dolvalley he asked a crowd of Hawaiians ed that the matter be kept quiet. To lar a day, and thirty men stepped for-

At the same time Wilson and Duggan, contractors for a government road on Maui are still unable to get citizen la-

NIKE MAY PLAY GAME HERE

Manager Crook of the Maile baseball team is making an effort to have the Maui baseball nine come to Honolulu on October 21 and play a game the next afternoon at the League park with the Maile team.

The Maui players are exceedingly anxious to play a game in this city, having already defeated the Kamehameha and the Punahou nines on Maui soil. The Maui players are good batsmen, excellent fielders and their pitcher is a man who is on to all the curves necessary to befuddle the Honolulu players.

Offer a Banner,

A fine silk banner will be awarded by the Republican Central Committee to the precinct club polling the largest number of Republican votes in comparison with its registered voters.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S MANAGER CURED OF A HEAVY COLD.

Mr. Albert E Stiasney, manager Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, Cape Town, Africa, says. "During my trip in the Transvaal I contracted a severe cold, and am pleased to state that in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy I found prompt relief and after continuing it for a few days was entirely rid of the distressing indisposition." For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd. agents for

******************* lently converted or disposed of it to produce it or to tell where it was as if his own use and benefit or to the use and benefit of another than the Territory of Hawaii."

B H. Wright was taken to Oahu Prison at 2 30 yesterday afternoon, and the money to his own use. Every one will henceforth remain in the custody shall be presumed to intend the natural of Warden Henry. The mittimus will and plainly probable consequences of probably be sent to the prison today Pv the terms of his sentence Wright will be put to hard labor. The charac-Catheart & Milerton appeared for dence justified a finding that the dester of this labor will depend upon his the proseculor and I I Durre Geo feriant received the moner on the physical condition. He will don the Davis and Smith & Lewis were Electric Company's check and fraidus struced uniform today.

Chamberlain Is W. F. Love Takes His Life While Insane.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.) William Francis Love, a well known citizen of Honolulu committed suicide at the house of Mrs Laura Mahelons on Emma lane at about seven o'clock yesterday morning. Love was the secretary and a large shareholder in the Manufacturer's Shoe Company of this city Justian afternoon he gave the a little husky. During the reading of key of the store to B. Sammons, the the constitution which followed she bookkeeper, and instructed him to open the morning, remarking and a gentleman who happened to be that W. H. Smith, the manager would return from the Coast on the Sonoma. He then went to Woods & Sheldon's sporting goods store and bought a Smith & Wesson 32 caliber revolver and a box of cartridges, saying that they were for a friend but having them charged in his own name.

> From Woods & Sheldon's he went to the Enion Salcon but soon returned to



THE LATE WM. F. LOVE. *************

the sporting goods store and got his package. He was about town all evening but did not appear to have been drinking much. Mrs. Mahelona, his landiady, says that he was very restless MAHELONA SAYS and went away from the house three times during the evening. He did not return finally until half past two in the tion for a drink of water at about 1:80 that he had something in his pocket that would fix them.

o'clock yesterday morning she heard a elected. His letter was as follows: shot and rushing upstairs found Love on a couch with the blood flowing from

MOTHERS should know. The troubles with

multirudes of girls is a want of proper nourishment and enough of it. Now-a-days they call this condition by the learned name of Anemia. But words change no facts. There are thousands of girls of this kind anywhere between childhood and young ladyhood. Disease finds most of its victims among them. Some of them are passing through the mysterious changes which lead up to maturity and need especial watchfulness and care. Alas, how many break down at this critical period; the story of such losses is the saddest in the history of home. The proper treatment might have saved most of these household tressures, if the mothers had only known of WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION and given it to their daughters, they would have grown to be strong and healthy women. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. In building up pale, puny, emaciated children, particularly those troubled with Anemia, Scrofula, Rickets, and Bone and Blood diseases, nothing equals it; its tonic qualities are of the highest order. A Medical Institution says: "We have used your preparation in treating children for coughs, colds and inflammation; its application has never failed us in any case, even the most aggravated bordering on pneumonia." The more it is used the less will be the ravages of disease from infancy to old age. It is both a food and a medicine,-modern, scientific, effective from the first dose, and never deceives or dis-

appoints. "There is no doubt shout it" Sold by all chemists

here and throughout the world.

a hole in his breast. She says that he was just putting the revolver on the was just putting the revolver on the floor when she entered the room and that he beckoned to her. Inside of three minutes he was deed. Dr. Protest three minutes he was dead Dr. Pratt was summoned when the fatal shot was fired but he could do nothing for the unfortunate man.

A coroner's jury was summoned by Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth and after examining several witnesses they came to a verdict of suicide while temporarily insane. The motive for the action is a profound mystery. Love was not embarrassed financially as he held \$3000 worth of stock in the shoe company and had uncashed dividend checks to the amount of nearly \$400. It was impossible for him to have tampered with the funds of the concern and they are all accounted for. The stock he left in an envelope endorsed to his brotherin-law, J. F. Morgan. It is thought that ill health caused despondency and while mentally deranged Love killed

Love was born in California on the 14th of July, 1864. He came to the islands early in life and has spent most of his time here. He has been em-ployed by W. O. Smith, David McKinley and by J. F. Morgan. He was a Mason and one of the charter members of the Myrtle Boat Club He was well liked in the city. The funeral services were held from the Masonic Temple at four o'clock yesterday afternoon under the auspices of Hawaiian Lodge. A. Lewis, Jr., the master, presided. Among the pall-bearers were A G. M Robertson, Captain Campbell, Joe Little, T. V. King, L. H. Miranda, Captain Sanders and B. Sammons. Interment was in Nuuanu cemetery

The withdrawal of Shaw from the Fifth district Republican representative ticket has paved the way for Mahelona to take a similar step His withdrawal is desired as much as that of Shaw was, and if he does not take the initiative before the meeting of the District Committee to be held tonight, it is possible that body will take ac-

Chairman Vida of the Fifth district executive committee stated yesterday afternoon that he believed Mahelona would endeavor to remain on the ticket and would issue a letter over his own signature to the voters, stating his reasons for remaining in the campaign. The names of Fred Waterhouse and

K R. G. Wallace have been suggested to be presented to the district committee meeting tomorrow night as the successors to Shaw and Mahelona.

HE WILL BE GOOD

Sol Mahelona, one of the candidates on the Fifth District Republican tick- I am accused of working for one or a et, decided yesterday to stay on the few. I deny this as I always worked ticket regardless of the endeavors to get him off. He addressed a letter to sented in the Senate I will not support Chairman Vida of the Fifth District it or vote for it. I will only vote for a Committee promising to be good and bill that will benefit the people at large. When Mrs. Mahelona was entering to work against the introduction of the house from the pard at seven gambling laws in the lower House, if

Honolulu, T. H., Oct. 5, 1904. Hon. Henry C. Vida, Chairman Fifth District Republican Executive Committee, Honolulu, T. H.

Dear Sir: I have been accused of favoring a change in our laws whereby all restrictions against gambling may be removed, and this accusation has been used as an argument against voting the straight ticket.

This charge has no foundation. am unalterably opposed to any law which may be proposed making any change in our present law against gambling. If elected to the next Legislature I pledge myself to work and vote against any measure that may be introduced therein allowing gambling in any manner, shape or form.

If you will make my position in this matter public, you will do me a kingness and you will strengthen the party Very respectfully yours, S. MAHELONA.

Republican Candidate for Representative Fifth District

ASTONISHES THE GARDEN ISLE

A. G. M. Robertson says that Republicans should stand by the party even though the party employs improper methods

Think of such a proposition advanced to an aggregation of voters who deem themselves decent Americans It is to be no opposition to the position that useless to discuss such a contention, its serious consideration even is insulting to men who consider themselves worthy the right to vote A goodly number of men who are decent Republicans will cast their votes as regularly as clockwork against the Republican party once they become convinced it employs "improper methods," and individual candidates who employ "improper" methods will most assuredly be cut by decent Republican voters-Garden Island.

Kuhio Went to Kausi, per-

Delegate Kuhio accompanied by Judge Mahaulu and D Kalauokalani, Jr, departed yesterday in the steamer ting worse right along but attacked W. G Hall for Kausi, to stump the Garden Island for the remainder of the week. Isukes and Sam Kaloa. went on the same steamer to stump the Island for the Democrats.

W B Thomas is now at Avalon. California.

IN EVIDENCE

Nakapaahu Takes Home Rule Nomination Straight,

L. Nakapaahu has violated the pledge he deliberately gave to the Republican convention on Kauai, by accepting the nomination for Senator offered to him by the Home Rulers, As reported in the Garden Island newspaper, Mr. Nakapaahu declared at the convention that, if he was defeated there, he would remain loyal to the Republican party and work for it all the

Mr Nakapaahu has burned the bridges behind him in appearing as a candidate, by furnishing documentary evidence that the filing of his nomination in the office of the Secretary of Hawaii was not done without his knowledge by either Mr. Kalauokalani or anybody else. The evidence is a Gay & Robinson check deposited as his nomination fee, which is endorsed by L. Nakapaahu.

Governor Carter expressed himself yesterday as much disappointed in Nakapaahu, having thought that he would act like Shaw in the Fourth Representative District, who had sunk his personal ambition for the good of the Republican party.

Following is the Garden Island's report of Mr. Nakapaahu's speech at the Republican convention at Lihue on Saturday last:

"At 1.30 p m chairman W. H. Rice called the convention to order and Mr. Nakapaahu made the following speech: "Mr Chairman and gentlemen of the Convention. 🕠

"I come before you to contradict in person all the accusations against me. Mr. Kalauokalani has said that I told him that my tongue was Republican and that my heart is and will ever be Home Rule. This is false I never made any such statement to him. As far as my Republicanism is concerned, I confess that if you wish me to take the eath I am ready to do so at once. I am a Republican until death. I am also accused of not refusing the Home Rule nomination. To tell the truth, I never knew anything about it until last Saturday when our Sheriff informed me of the fact. I immediately asked him to deny it in the Garden Island, As there is a rumor affoat that if I whit not get nomination for Senator on the Republican ticket I will run on the Home Rule ticket, I would say that if I am defeated in this convention, I' shall remain loyal to the Republican party and will work for it all the more. In regard to legislative matters, for the people in general and not for a few. If an obnoxious bill be pre-Four years ago when the Home Rulers had the majority in the Legislature. they introduced a bill which was detrimental to the plantations and I voted

against it. "Mr. Fairchild then asked Nakapaahu if he had made any-statement to Apolo that he would run on the Home Rule ticket if nominated. Mr. Nakapaahu said that he hadn't seen Apolo since last year."

On the ballot Nakapaahu lost the nomination by a plurality of two votes to J. K Gandall, who had a majority of one in all the votes cast. On motion of S W. Wilcox the nomination of Gandall was made unanimous.

LEPERS NOT TO **HEAR ORATORS**

No political speakers will be permitted to invade the precincts of the Leper Settlement this year in order to sway the voting population. Both Prince Kuhio and Charles Notley agreed that they would not go to the Settlement for the purpose of making speeches, but Chairman Kinney of the Democratic committee decided he would prefer sending laukea there. In answer to his request to do so, President Pinkham of the Board of Healtn has made the following reply

Honolulu, Hawaii Oct 3, 1904. W. A. Kinney Chairman Democratic Central Committee

Sir Having consulted the candidates for Delegate to Congress and those responsible for the Settlement at Kalaupapa, Molokai there seems it is best to avoid the excitement of the political canvass among the sufferers. Therefore, since the same conditions are imposed on all parties. I am unable to grant permits for politica. addresses

I beg to remain very sincerely. L E PINKHAM. President Board of Health

As Others See Us.

Two of the Republican candidates for Representatives from the Fifth district in Honolulu have been asked by the party to whitedran after the attacks of the Advertiser and The Star Them two rapers refused to be led by the machine which seems to be genand exposed the sort of candidates the machine stands for in its hope to win at any price. Sol Mahelona and Jak Shaw of the Fifth are part of the price the Honolplu machine is willing to pay for success. At such a price no logical man can say the machine abould not succeed -Garden Island.

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FRIDAY : : : : OCTOBER 7

AT THE PRIMARIES.

Whenever a conservative citizen obthe question: "Why did you not turn chinery of the Territory is to be set to out at the primaries and help make a better one?" It is regarded as a crushing rejoinder.

But suppose he had gone to the primaries, what then? Would he not have found them in the control of a compact machine organization intent upon ratifying the slate which had been agreed upon between a few leaders in some back room? Would he not have seen the "regulars" of the party running the primary to suit themselves while he and his unorganized militia could only look on or feebly protest? It was the remark of a contemporary well-led men can do almost anything they please in party politics. Assuredly than forty at each Republick's primary this year working as one man to name a delegate's ticket which shad been framed beforehand with very small regard to the obligation the party bears to its best elements:

It may be asked why good citizens don't organize. They do sometimes when things go from bad to worse and Trent, Democratic nominees, have then there is a hue and cry about "factionalism" and a fight, in the nastiness of which good citizens hesitate to plunge. Besides, the average, conservative property-owner is a busy man and cannot spare the time for politics which politics require. He is handicapped at every turn by a disciplined and tricky opposition; and it is hardly his fault if he retires in disgust and falls back for the expression of his wishes upon a choice of names on the various ballots.

THE CASE OF B. H. WRIGHT.

Now that B. H. Wright has failed in his appeal to the Supreme Court will he consent to come out and tell ment. the truth about the Public Works defalcations in which his name is invplved?

Mr. Wright is highly connected in the East. Some two years ago a lawyer, representing his family, came Governor Carter is not and cannot be time in the history of the country exhere to help the accused man. From an issue of the campaign, and the at- ceeded agricultural products in the exwhat Wright told him, the lawyer came to the conclusion that his friend had been made the scapegoat of a ring. | making it. To save this ring B. H. Wright had withheld testimony in the belief that he would finally go free himself. In his extremity his old friends deserted tether, he faces a three years' impris-

It may be that B. H. Wright, by making a frank-avowal to the Govcommutation of sentence. Perhaps he tion and held one of their own. Senamight win a pardon. At the very least, he might be the means of opening the way to a prosecution which should show where the money stolen actually gone and clear his name of part of its stigma,

MAHELONA.

Mr. Mahelona, the two-spot statesman from the Fifth, has concluded not to relieve the Republican Representative ticket of his name, and in a letter which has kindly been provided for him to sign, he declares himself "unalterably opposed to any change in the present law against gambling."

This is the Mahelona whose initial speech in the present canvass ran as

"Among the laws which I wish to make is one that you all desire, because when you are seen with a piece of paper and pencil, that is che fa and there you are in jail. I wish to make a law that will stop arresting che fa players AND WILL PERMIT OPEN

GAMBLING." When the Advertiser reported this speech Mr. Mahelona tried to deny it but was overwhelmed by the evidence marshalled against him. He then confessed and promised to be good, attempting in his eagerness to stay on the ticket, to pose as an anti-gambling candidate. This is his posture today but any one who takes stock in his professions of reform, challenging as they do his record of a lifetime, is fit

to hunt the moon for green cheese. Mahelona is a humbug. He is unreliable and inefficient. Conservative electors will prefer to vote for Mr. Trent, who is reliable and efficient and, irrespective of his party, would make a better legislator than Mahelona could even pretend to be.

by the postoffice scandal. He had with the petty pilterings of the quar- Affairs causes no surprise. termaster, but in our partisan politica the blame was visited on him. Mr. Payne felt the injustice and humiliation keeply but he could do nothing to Juli the storm which hurtled around him. Insomnia came with all its attendant ills, disease felt for the weakest spot and now Henry C. Payne is dead. He deserved a better fate.

The registry will close Saturday at midnight. If you do not get your name | denial and this of itself is good for a on the list by that time you can't vote.

THE DEMOCRATIC PROGRAM.

The Democratic program as outlined by Mr. Kinney at the recent Orpheum meeting has given a decided set-back to the possibilities of Democratic success at the coming elections.

According to that program, everything else is to be subordinated to showing up Governor Carter and ventilating Cecil Brown's woes because he was not nominated.

National issues! Territorial needs! business interests! all are to be relegated to the rear.

The chief object in life is to skin Carter; and the skinner-in-chief is to

We are told that if the Democrats are successful, they are going to do something in the legislature. The only thing of importance enough to enumerate, is what they will do to Carter. They are going to have a "legislative investigation" and pass votes of censure and a lot more of the same

kind of thing. In other words, the Democrats say they don't like Governor Carter, and the whole electoral and legislative mawork to prove it.

History is repeating itself. This is precisely the program which the Home Rulers undertook to carry out in the first legislature after annexation. They spent practically the whole session in making faces at Governor Dole and calling him names. They made a bear garden of the legislative halls and that is about all theydid accomplish.

Does this community want a repetition of this experience?

Is it necessary to the peace, prosperity and welfare of the people of Oahu, that the ins and outs of Cecil Brown's awhile ago that forty organized and failure to get the Republican nomination should be ventilated through the brief sixty-day session of the legislathey can do anything they please in ture? Does the community feel that primary politics, and there were more given days of partisan wrangling will sixty days of partisan wrangling will help business or restore confidence, or raise the price of stocks?

The Advertiser does not believe that the voters of Oahu want anything of

They want a short, crisp, business session. The principle reason why the of Hutchins, Campbell and been favorably looked upon by the conservative voters, Republican as well as Democratic, is that they are business men, who would presumably devote themselves to business. If they are going into the campaign committed beforehand to making partisan opposition to the Governor their chief plank, they will alienate support.

There are many Republicans who would vote for Mr. Hutchins the business man, in the expectation of securing a common sense business representative in the legislature, who will have nothing to do with Hutchins the in the legislature will be to secure the Governor's scalp as a belt orna-

We trust that Mr. Kinney has not voiced Mr. Hatchins' sentiments in the United States in the year just endthis matter. If he has not, the sooner Mr. Hutchins makes it known, the and during the months of May, June, more Republican votes he will secure, and July manufactures for the first tempt to import him into it is a futile port trade of the country. effort which will react upon those

WHERE BOLTERS ARE REGULAR.

him; and now, at the end of his into the field by Gov. La Follette, has been declared regular by the Supreme Court of the State. Political readers will remember that La Follette and ernor of the whole story would get a his friends bolted the Spooner conventor Spooner represented the machine and was able, on that account, to crowd the La Foilette delegates out of the in the Public Works Department had Republican National Convention. But before an impartial tribunal, removed from the incitements of politics, the Spooner party made a poor showing and now La Follette comes to the front with the certificate of regularity which puts him, so far as Wisconsin is concerned, in control of the party or-

> ganization. The decision of the Wisconsin court is a wholesome one and it ought to go far towards making party conventions more deliberative more careful of party opinion and more conscientious.

The nomination of F. T. P. Waterhouse in the Fifth is strong and satisfactory. If the Republicans had named a full ticket of men as efficient as Mr. Waterhouse, the leaders would not need to appeal to the party as they are doing now, to "vote the straight ticket." The party would have done so as a matter of course and many Democrats 000 in 1880 to \$405,794,000 in 1903, a gain and Home Rulers would have cast their of 19.64 per cent; Germany, an increase ballots for it with pleasure. Water- from \$460,279,000 in 1880 to \$780,926,000 house is an excellent nominee and that in 1903, an increase of 69.66 per cent; the district is satisfied with him is while the United States shows a growth shown by the presence among his sup- from \$102,856.015 in 1880 to \$452,445,629 in porters of Mr. Shaw and his friends, 1904, an increase of 339.85 per cent. Not who are acting in a good spirit. All only has the percentage of increase by that remains to make the Fifth District the United States been greater than ticket representative of the better impulses of the party is to have Mahelona removed from it.

Alexien is a superfluous official to Manchuria. As a Viceroy in a land United Kingdom. \$158,055,000; from where civil government has been paralized and where every act is mili- United States, \$349,589,614. tary and therefore under the control of Kuropatkin, he has nothing to do but watch the course of events. Reports are no longer made to him and ter approaches, for then the blockade he has no influence in affairs. To re-Henry C. Payne was probably killed call him and give him some dignified work at home is so obviously the thing nothing to do with it, no more than to do that the rumor of his succeeding the captain of a battleship has to do Lamedorff in the Ministry of Foreign

> The decision of Russia to out 700,000 men in the field has been met by the determination of Japan to enlist a million. If Japan can support so many she is better off financially than most observers suppose. However a desperate nation can do a great deal of hard fighting on very small means, as witness the Southern Confederacy and the Transvasi. Japan has unlimited self-

NO DOWNYBROOK LEGISEATURE.

There is nothing in the charges made by Mr. Kinney against the methods employed by the Republican party in carrying on this campaign to justify the election of a Legislature committed to a slity-day row with the Governor. The Governor is not and had not been running the machine campaign - If he had been the necessity could not have arisen for his sharp rebuke of the Superintendent of Public Works for the political discharge of an employe, nor would the party ticket have been manned by a Bhaw and a Mahelona. Governor Carter, though naturally solicitous for the success of his party, has not undertaken its management and in the one departmental case of offensive partisanship brought to his notice he has acted with the strict impartiality of a court. Surely his good faith with the people is clear enough. If there are other specific instances of political wrong-doing let Mr. Kinney collect them, lay them before the Governor and see what he does in the matter. Mr. Kinney's ingenious quibble over undated resignations makes the Executive only technically and distantly responsible for the political misdoings of others. Then why not, if the Democratic campaign is to hinge on his shortcomings, pin him down to a specific and close responsibility? Are the Democrats afraid that they could not make the connection? The choice of an anti-Carter issue,

under such circumstances, shows how badly off the Democrats are for real issues. Such valid changes in the law or the Territorial policy as they advocate are mere repetitions of the demands of the Republican Territorial platform. All the Democrats have to offer in addition is a row with Carter, and we submit again that a Legislature committed to such courses is not one which the people want. They had their experience when a Home Rule Legislature finished a ninety-day wrangle over Governor Dole. The public wish is now for a Legislature which will attend to business with the filelity. the sober spirit and the trained celerity of a board of directors engaged in carrying on the affairs of a great commercial house-not one which will waste the people's money "investigating" whether a Kakaako Democrat was kept on the payroll by a road overseer so that he would vote the Republican ticket and whether Governor Carter was an accomplice in the awful crime.

INCREASED EXPORTS.

The increase in exports of manufactures from the United States during the past year, and especially in recent months, has suggested the preparation of some data by the Department of Commerce and Labor through its Bu-Democratic agitator, if his chief object reau of Statistics regarding the exportation of manufactures from the various countries of the world, and the relative growth in such exports. The value of manufactures exported from ed exceeds that of any previous year,

This fact has led the Bureau of Statistics to this study of the relative growth of manufactures in the principal countries of the world which supply the four billion dollars worth! of. The Wisconsin bolting ticket, put manufactures which enter into the international commerce of the world. The chief countries exporting manu- dred dollar round trip figure from the was announced last evening. The pafactures at the present time are the All Red line. It is, we hope, the be-United Kingdom, Germany, France, countries supply about three-fourths of high prices affoat which has, for many and the United States. These four the manufactures entering the inter- years, kept Hawaii from getting its lican club of the 9th precinct, 5th disnational markets of the world, the total share of the tourist trade. As the Bo- trict, proposed by James Shaw. exports of manufactures from these nolulu commercial bodies pointed out countries being, in round terms, three in their recent memorial, this place is H. S. Crocker Company of San Franbillion dollars and the total value of especially discriminated against by the manufactures entering the world's in- steamship lines whose American term- of the same place, arrived on the Sonoternational markets being about four inus is San Francisco. It costs more billion dollars. A study, however, of per mile to get here from California Young Hotel. the relative growth of manufactures than it does to go to Tahiti or New Zeaand of exportation of manufactures in land. The price is vastly more per these four countries indicates that the mile than it is from San Francisco to United States is making more rapid gains than any other of the group.

The relative growth in the exportation of manufactures is equally striking in its showing of the relative gain's made by these four principal manufacturing countries in their supply of the world's market for manufactures. The accompanying table shows the value of manufactures exported from the United Kingdom, Germany, France, and the United States, respectively, in 1880 and the latest available year. It will be seen that the exports of manufactures from the United Kingdom grew from \$964,400,000 in 1880 to \$1,342,-595,000 in 1903, an increase of 1846 per cent; France, a growth from \$339,186,any of the other countries named but the actual gain has also been greater. The increase in exports of manufactures from France during the period named has been \$66,608,000; from the Germany, \$320,647,000; and from the

The chances of starwing out the Port Arthur garrison will be better as winrunning junks must find the harbor more or less ice-bound and they will amount of food. If it is true, as reported, that coal is scarce in Port Arfer from the low temperature and may be frozen out. Evidently, from late reports, Gen. Stocssel is nearing the end of his commissary resources.

The National Republican Convention, by a careful reading of local prints, might here avoided the blunder of treating the Spooner delegation as

The voter who isn't registered will

NINE DAYS TO CONVICTION.

The course of the law has been swift as well as inexorable in the case of Miranda, the convicted murderer of S. E. Damon. It was but ten days ago tonight that the Porto Bican made his deadly thrust and yesterday he found himself convicted of murder in the first degree. Let if be hoped that there will be similar expedition in meting out his punishment, for it is in the speed of the law's vengeance that the moral effect upon others is conveyed. For that resson Caolgosa, the assessin of President McKinley was railroaded to the gallows. It was deemed against public policy, after he had made his defence, to let him prolong it with technicalities.

Notwithstanding the rapidity of the legal proceedings in the Miranda case, the prisoner has had a fair trial. His counsel, Messrs. Davis and Thompson, made as strong a defence as the circumstances could warrant and the prisoner himself had his say on the witness stand. The man convicted himself out of his own mouth. His falsehoods were many and palpable; his admissions were fatal and they left nothing for the jury to do but to bring in a hanging verdict.

The Porto Rican vagrants need the lesson which the fate of Miranda will teach. Like other criminals they have taken courage from the rarity of executions and from the various jail deiveries which have occurred. It is time to teach them that American justice does not always walk with a leaden heel and that it strikes, as in this instance, with an iron hand.

PEARL HARBOR.

It would be worth millions to Hawaii to have a man at Washington with enough influence to get something done about Pearl Harbor.

That harbor has been neglected for a long time; though its value as the defensive outpost of the Pacific coast is as clear as it was in the days of General Schofield and Admiral Kimberley. If the United States is ever at war on the Pacific it will find Pearl Harbor vital to its strategic operations there. Yet not a dollar has been spent on docks, machine shops or fortifications since the day when through the reciprocity treaty, the United States acquired the right to control the great waterway.

What is needed is a strong and intelligent and persistent campaign at Washington for a first appropriation; a campaign in which the Senators and Representatives of California, Oregon and Washington ought to be enlisted. They should be taught that the presence of a hostile fleet here would, unless that fleet were beaten by American naval strength, put an embarge on the commerce of the Pacific coast. An object lesson could be found in the way insurance ran up when the auxiliary cruiser Lena, with a base 6000 miles away, appeared at the Golden Gate. What hard work can do, even against army and navy prejudice, is shown at San Diego, a city, which got a fort and a dredged harbor despite opposition of the strongest kind and by no other means than sheer pressure upon Congress and the War Department.

LOWER RATES BY SEA.

well in the matter of lowering steam- A slight change for the better in the ship passenger rates by getting a hun- condition of Miss Martha Chamberlain ginning of the end of a schedule of Europe. Obviously if Hawaii is to compete with other tourist resorts at all, the means of access to it must be

cheapened. Fortunately the All Red line has accepted the Hawaiian plea and has fixed a reasonable price for the round trip. covering a distance 440 miles further. That is to say, for a round trip of 2600 miles it will cost \$35 less than for one of 2160 miles. The saving is worth while and we cannot doubt that it will so tend to divert tourist travel, providing the Canadian Pacific railroad makes good use of the Hawalian trip in its advertising matter, as to compel

\$100 rate. Surely that is enough. It is over \$8 News. per day for a cubbyhole of a room and for ordinary hotel fare. One may doubt that it costs any more to run a steamcapacity; and there is a freight busiground rent to pay beyond wharf dues. For the 3000 mile trip across the Atlan- Senator and Mrs. McCandless. tic plenty of good steamers make a rate of \$50 or even less, carrying steerage as low as \$15. They may be presumed to know their business and they certainly do not lack for dividends. If the plea is urged that they have a large trade it is enough to say that the San Francisco lines would have a large trade too if they chose to cultivate it by similar price-inducements.

Frog farmers are starting on Oahu to supply the local and San Francisco markets. The country being full of not be able to land any considerable ponds, there ought to be tens of thousands of edible frogs raised here. Those who own the present frog ponds, fearthur, then the Russians may also suf- ing competition, pretend that there is a knack in raising the batrachians but all that is necessary is to surround a pond with a fence which the frogucan't get through and let pature take its course. From raise themselves,

> Democrats may be scarce for local ticket purposes, but in the event of notale within ten days on his way Parker's election the town wouldn't be big enough to hold them.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser) Yesterday was a rather lively one

on the local stock exchange. Mrs. A. P. Taylor submitted yester-

day to an operation at Miss Johnson's saniterium. L. E. Pinkham, president of the

Board of Health, went to Maul on the Claudine last night G. C. Gibbs, formerly Chinese interprater here for several concerns, is now

located at Yokohama. Last night at half past eleven Miss Helen S. Lowrey, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Lowrey, died after a prolonged illness.

A dinner was given at G. B. Castle's Waikiki place Monday evening in honor of Rev. E. B. Turner who has come here from Kohala to take charge of the Boys' Brigade. There was no quorum of the County

Act Commissioners last evening, only Mesers. Crabbe and Watson being present, and an adjournment was taken to next Tuesday. Several changes in the constitution

and by-laws of the Woman's Board were made yesterday. The regular program was postponed on account of the illness of Miss Chamberlain.

Major George Potter, who was operated on a week ago at Miss Johnson's sanitarium for abscess of the liver, is progressing favorably. Richard Spalding is also convalescing at the same institution. .

C. D. Lufkin, cashler of the First National Bank of Walluku, went to the States on the Ventura yesterday. He will visit the World's Fair. During his absence Frank C. Atherton will be assistant cashier.

A Japanese by the name of Kaiharo scared his landlord vesterday by whetting two long knives presumably to cut down his bill. He was sent to the Police Station where he will be examined for insanity.

High Sheriff Brown and A. B. Gurrey, of the Underwriters, are investigating the recent fire. Ah Kui, the fanitor who was arrested for complicity in the affair, was released yesterday as there was no evidence on which to hold him.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitehouse and valet and maid, returned to New York on the Ventura yesterday, according to program, after a brief stay of a week at the Royal Hawaiian Hotel. Mr., and Mrs. Whitehouse are prominent society people of New York, and the trip to Honolulu was made by Mr. Whitehouse to give his beautiful young wife the benefit of a sea-voyage. This couple brought special letters here and were well entertained by Mr. Irwin. Gov. Cleghorn, Col. Macfarlane, Capt. Niblack and others. Last Saturday Mr. Irwin drove them to his Honolulu plantation at Aica.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.) There was no meeting yesterday of the Board of Agriculture, no quorum

being present. Manager Gibb of the Paauhau plantation and Mrs. Gibb returned in the Sonoma from a visit to Scotland.

Oahu College closed in all departments yesterday at 12 o'clock out of respect to the memory of Helen Low-The Promotion Committee has done rey, who was a pupil at the college.

> Water has been turned on in the Puunul tract mains. The work was expedited by a resolution of the Repub-

W. A. Swinnerton, secretary of the cisco, and C. A. Bruns, a business man Hawn, Comi. a Sugar ma yesterday and are domiciled at the

Miss Sullivan, niece of ex-Mayor Phelan of San Francisco, accompanied by Miss Mulier and maid, arrived yesterday on the Sonoma and are guests at the Alexander Young. They will re-

main here for three weeks. John Daniel Wicke, the well-known cabinet-maker and polisher and inlayer of native woods, died of Bright's disease at the family residence, Alakea street, yesterday morning. The funeral takes place at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Rhodes, of Honolulu, H. I., spent Wednesday in Sait Lake as guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Iglehart. Mr. Rhodes is on the editorial staff of the Hawaiian Star, the San Francisco lines to adopt the and is en route to Boston as a delegate to the Episcopal conference.-Salt Lake

Governor Carter, with Mrs. Carter and Miss Coleman, accompanied by Secretary A. L. C. Atkinson, will leave ship than it does a hotel of similar town on Saturday morning for Senator L. L. McCandless' place on the Koolan ness the hotel doesn't have and no side of this island, where the party will remain over Sunday as the guests of

The funeral of Miss Helen Lowrey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Lowrey, who died on Tuesday evening, was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the family residence, Rev. Dr. Kincald conducting the service. The icmaing have been cremated. Miss Lowrey was but seventeen years of age. and an only daughter. Her health was not benefited by her stay in Europe. and she was brought home early in the summer. She rapidly failed in the past few weeks.

Local speculators in reinsurance on the ill-fated steamer Conemaugh received their checks in the Sonoma's

Judge De Bolt will sit at 2 p. m. today for the purpose of naturalizing such aliens as may wish to become citizens.

Marshall P. Wilder, the famous American humorist, is expected in Hosround the world.

Judge Matthewman of the Third Circuit has enjoined a foreclosure sale in average velocity in miles per bour. It is your duty, if you care anything, the case of M. P. Scott et al. vs. H. know how it feels to be diffranchised, about good government, to register. Hackfeld & Co. et al.

Distress After Eating

Mauses between meals, belching, vomiting, flatulence, fits of nervous headsche, pain in the stomsch, are all symptoms of dyspepsis, and the longer It is neglected the harder it is to cure it. Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Radically and permanently cure itstrengthen and tone the stomach and other digestive organs for the natural performance of their functions.

Accept no substitute for Hood's. "I had dyspepsia twenty-five years and took different medicines but got no help until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken four bottles of this medicine and can now est almost anything, sleep well, have no cramps in my stomach, no burning and no distress." Mrs. Withtake G. BARRETT, 14 Olney St., Providence, E. L. Mood's Sarsaparilla promises to ture and keeps the promise.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO. 1/TD.—General Commission Agents Queen St., House lulu, H. L.

F. A. SCHARFOR & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honola-lu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COORE.—(Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Import-ers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

ECNOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Ma-chinery of every descrition made to

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, Oct. 6, 1904. NAME OF STOCK Capital. Val. Bid. Ask

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	Mircantile.				
	C. Brewer & Co	\$1,000,00 0	100	800	150
	BUGAR				
	Ewa. Haw. Agricultural	5,000,000	100	24	2434
į	Haw. Com. & SugarCo.	1,200,000 2,812,750	100	62	6834
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	KIDSHUIT	160,000	100		•
ŀ	Kolos McBrydeSug Co., Ltd.	200,000 200,000	100	3%	
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1	Claims)				190
1	Hon. R. T. & L. Co.,				-
1	Ewa Plant, 5p. c.	********	****		105
	C. R. & L. Co., 5 p. c			104	
1	Oahu Sugar Co., 6 p. c Oisa Sugar Co., 6 p. c.		****	*	100
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:	Kahuku 6 p. c. Pioneer Mill Co. 6 p.c.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		100
	Pale 5 D. C			****	190
	Halking D. C	•••••	• • • •	••••	100
	Hawaiian Sugar 6 p. c.	*******			100

SALES BETWEEN BOARDS. Fifty Mutual Telephone, \$10.00.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

4 11.50 1.6 6.44 5.10 5.59 5.48 1.13 D.M. 5.15 0.48 7.29 8.30 5.32 5.44 2.21 5.15 1.45 1.5 1.42 7.5 7.23 5.33 5.33 6.43 8.15 7 8.25 1.4 2 14 8.87 8 17 5.28.43 4 17 8 3.51 1.5 8.10 9.14 9.14 5.54 5.61 5.31 9 8 84 1 6 8 70 9 40 9 55 5 54 5 40 Sets. 10 4 15 1.7 4 80 10 34 10 44 5 54 5 40 7 139

New moon Oct. 8th at 6:54 p. m. Times of the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Sur-

vey tables. The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur about one hour earlier than at Honolulu

Hawailan standard time is 10 hours 30 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees thirty minutes. The time whistie blows at 1:30 p. m., which is the same as Greenwich, 0 hours 0 minutes. Sun and moon are for local time for the whole group.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Issued by the U. S. Weather Bureau Office Every Sunday Morning.

	11	SARON.	1			ł	1 _1	AIKD	
Day	Sept. Oct.		200	Mia	Rairfall to	Humidity	Average	Direction	Av. Vel.
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2 1 20-20 At 24 -120 At 2 Note:-Barometer readings are corrected for temperature, instrumental errors, and local gravity, and reduced to sea level. Average cloudtosse stated in scale from 0 to 10. Direction of wind is prevailing direction during 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. Velocity of wind is

> ALEX. McC. ASHLET; Section Director, in Change.

NEWSPAPERHRCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERHÄCHIVE®

CARTER AS

W. A. Kinney Tells Why Democrats Go For Him.

bow, advanced up the hill in short rushes. The hillside was swept with

around. Mr. Wallace says that three or

four fell within reach of him during

the first ten minutes, of the fighting.

When within about three hundred yards

of the trenches the Fifth and Sixth

regiments charged and drove the Rus-

sians out of their trenches. Inside of

two hours the trenches were recaptured.

Russian guns opened fire on the Jap-

anese on Wedge Hill from Round Top

and other batteries from two other di-

terrible, over 1500 men falling in less

than half an hour. The general as-

sault made along the Japanese line was

a failure that day and the Japanese

were forced to retire. The men did so

reluctantly, fighting with a stubbern-

ness and desperation never before

equaled in modern times. Often the

bugle had to sound the retreat several

times before the men would go back.

That night the soldiers, utterly ex-

hausted, slept amid a storm of grape

shot. Thousands of shells were thrown

into a little valley, not more than forty

the great guns went on without ceas-

ing-the greatest play of artillery since

Sedan and considered by many who

The correspondents helped bind up

the wounded in a field hospital and

went to the front again the next day.

On the 31st the Russians were driven

out of the first line of entrenchments

and for three days they held the second

line but were finally forced to retreat.

drawings made in the field and a col-

lection of photographs made on the fir-

ing line which are probably unequalled

among war pictures. Beside those

showing the Japanese charging and fir-

ing there are several showing the Jap-

anese burning the bodies of their killed.

They always bury the Russian dead.

There are also pictures of the entan-

glements formed of five rows of posts

having barb wire stretched in every

direction. Between the posts, as close

as they can be dug are pits, seven feet

deep and four feet wide at the top in

which are sharp stakes two feet long.

Numbers of men were seen impaled on

these stakes. The engineers were forc-

ed to cut every strand of the wire with

their nippers and many of them fell

into the pits while engaged in this

The men on both sides in the great

struggle fought with desperate courage.

A company of Stakelberg's men held a

ort with only two machine guns, fight-

Wallace arrived at the front he took

his station with a bunch of men who

to shake hands with him. When the

outside man reached over to shake

hands both he and Wallace had to raise

their heads above the rock. At this

juncture a bullet struck the top of the

rock and split, half of it going through

Wallace's hair. At another time a bul-

let struck Wallace's boot and glanced

off also going through his hair. Yet

he escaped unharmed although he near-

Wallace is of the opinion that, bar-

ring outside interference or internal

complications in Russia, that the strug-

finances will determine the result. The

Japanese are making their movements

carefully and many of the so-called

strategic movements of Kuropatkin to

the rear which many interpret as at-

tempts to draw the Japanese north are

inspired by the Japanese. Staff officers

not go north of Mukden. One thing

not generally known is that the Jap-

anese are sending out losses far below

the actual figures yet they seem to

As to the report that General Kuroki's

army had been cut off from the rest

of the Japanese the story originated

of the army was cut off, though Ku-

Manager James Gibb of Pasuhau

plantation and Mrs. Gibb, who arrived

by the Sonoma from Scotland, were

among the guests registered at the Ha-

walian Hotel Wednesday; also Mr. C.

Q. Lloyd and Mr. J. F. Lloyd of Cin-

cinnati, and Mr. and Mrs. Cleminson of

Boston and Mr. H. Amweg of San

LAME BACK.

rheumatism of the muscles and may

each application. If this does not af-

slightly dampened with Pain Balm.

and quick relief is almost sure to fol-

roki himself was safe.

Francisco.

agents for Haweli.

ly died of dysentery.

Mr. Wallace has a large number of

saw that battle to have been greater.

At this juncture over one hundred

Honolulu, T. H., October 5th, 1904. Editor Advertiser:—In your issue of yesterday morning you closed an editorial entitled "The Democratic Program" with these words:

Governor Carter is not and cannot be made an issue of the campaign, and the attempt to import him into it is a

futile effort which will re-act upon those making it." As chairman of the Democratic Central Committee, I should like to say in reply, that the Democrats did not seek to make Governor Carter an issue of this election, but that issue was forced upon them. For instance, the campaign had not been opened when it was found that Democratic office holders and employees of the Government, were unable, with safety to sign rolls of the Democratic club where they resided. Laborers at work on the roads and other public works who were known to be Democrats declined for the same reason to sign the roll, claiming that they were given work on the understanding that they vote the straight Republican ticket and that they would be dropped off the rolls as soon as it was apparent that they were affiliating with the Democrats: These laborers are employed under a department whose head has filed an undated resignation with the Governor, such action being justified on the specific ground that the Governor is responsible for the acts of his subordinate and therefore, should control his tenure of office. The Democrats called a ratification meeting of their nominees in this city, and found that orders had been given out to all the laborers preventing their attendance at the meeting; this by men who hold office at the will and pleasure of the Governor. The Democrats have seen an immense block of money out of the Loan Fund held back in the Treasury, when times were hard, and finally on the eve of the elections being spent with a lavish hand on all of the islands, on a class of work in which the floating vote can be employed in large numbers. It is given out on every hand that these men are expected to vote the Republican ticket. They are seen at work on the roads during the day time and at night are seen attending Republican meetings in a body with their lunas, including men who are known to have no sympathy with the Republican party, and have affiliated with and are Democrats or Home Rulers. If these large bodies of men can be voted solid for the

Under these circumstances, what else can the Democrats do than confront the issue that meets them every day in the conduct of their campaign nullifying and setting aside legitimate party efforts for party success. When laborers are kept away from our meetings against their own wish and desire by men directly under the orders of the Governor, what would you do if you were in our place? Are we to say nothing about it? If so,

straight Republican ticket, the Demo-

crats know what the result will be. There

will hardly be any use of holding an

election, for there are clearly enough

straight Republican votes, coupled with the votes of the office-holders and these

labor votes, to defeat any other party at this, or for that matter, at any future

election. Moreover, it is conceded that

in the last County election, the Republi-

can machine counted out the Home

Rulers largely through manipulation in

by no prosecution or punishment what-

soever, although the Governor has made

himself personally responsible for every-

thing done in the Executive Depart-

ment, by his policy of centralizing all authority in himself.

we might as well go out of business. The whole Republican campaign shows evidences of having been deliberately planned and outlined months ago. and is founded upon coercion and intimidation, and upon the corrupt use of official patronage, and unless that can be met and checked, it is idle to talk much about what the Democrats are going to do when they get into the Legislature, for they will never get there. We would like in Mr. Hutchins' be-

half to get the vote of Independent Republicans, but that vote cannot elect Mr Hutchins unless we are able also to call out and vote substantially our full Democtatic strength in his behalf. As a matter of fact the Democrats have in their platform outlined a number of business propositions which they will present in told Wallace that the Japanese would the Legislature, if elected. They propose still to do this, but without abating one jot or tittle of their right to insist that there shall be an untrammeled vote and a fair count, and to call men to account for preventing such elections. You inveigh against Legislative enquiry into the methods used by the Executive. It is the only way that the citizens of the Territory have to express their sentiments in regard to the conduct of the Executive. We cannot remove him: this can be done by the President alone. An investigation is all we have, but this is better than nothing, for, if fairly and thoroughly conducted, it may lead to the condemnation of such methods and abandonment of their use by any party in the future.

We contend further that the Democratic party is doing a great service to the Territory in raising the issue in a legitimate and open way here, within our own borders. If we are silent on the subject the matter will not down The situation is understood and the evil effects of it will make themselves felt later, if not now, against the good name and standing of the Territory. W. A. KINNEY.

Chairman Democratic Central Com-

SAW THE FIGHTING.

(Continued from page 1) with a complexatively small loss,

At this time Wallace joined the Fifth FRED. WATERHOUSE regiment in time to take part in the charge on Brushy Hill, the central hill of the chain. The entrenchments at the top of this hill were filled with the IN PLACE OF SHAW flower of the Russian army, the troops fresh from European Russia, including the crack Inirty-fifth regiment. For hours the Japanese lines, elbow to el-

shot and shell and men were falling all Harmony Meeting of Fifth District Workers Last Evening -- Shaw Will Take the Stump for His Successor-Branding Traitors.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

rections. The carnage resulting was the meeting of the Fifth District Committee held last night to nominate & candidate for the legislature vice James Shaw, resigned. In fact it was a regular love feast. H. C. Vida presided and A. St. C. Pilanaia was secretary. Forty-three delegates were present, including proxies. As soon as nominations for Representative were called for Mr. Pitanaia was on his feet and with a few well chosen words placed Fred P. T. Waterhouse in nomination as one "who has the interests of the country at heart." Amid great applause nominations were closed and the secretary was instructed to cast the unanimous ballot of the committee for acres in extent, while the thunder of Mr. Waterhouse. When the chair announced the result he said, "Mr. Waterhouse is duly elected," instead of "nominated" and this brought out a volley of cheers. Responding to calls of "speech," the candidate spoke a few words, promising his support for the whole ticket and urging the election of every man on that ticket.

William Isaac said that he wished to say a few words for Mr. Shaw. He said that he had worked hard for the party and was a true Republican. "Let us do what we can for him," he said; 'especially as he has magnanimously! offered to go on the stump for Mr. Waterhouse." E. R. Adams spoke in the same vein, alluding to Shaw as a strong party man and commending his offer to go on the stump. He said that all should have the greatest aloha for Mr. Shaw. These remarks were loudly applauded. Mr. Parker wanted to nomfnate Shaw for the vacant vice-chairmanship of the District Committee, but it was found that the position had already been filled.

Isaac Cockett introduced the follow ing resolution, which was seconded by Mr. Zablan:

"Resolved, That any member of the District Committee who advocates the election of a nominee for the Legislature opposed to the regular Republican nominees is a traitor to the Republican party and should be treated as such by the party."

The resolution was unanimously passed amid great cheering. Reports from the precincts were called for and Mr. Zablan of the 11th reported progress in the face of many difficulties. Several strong Home Rulers had been converted. At this point Mr. Kealakaihonus arose and objected to the giving of such reports in public as they would furnish information to the enemy and ing like devils while the Japanese could appear as if the Republicans were overhardly be driven to retreat. When Mr. | confident. Looking in the direction of the newspaper men he said, "To give our private news to the public will be our fall." He was interrupted by cries were behind a rock. They were all of "No. No!" and suggestions that the glad to see an American and all wanted news would encourage the rank and file of the party. The discussion was de-clared out of order and the committee

adjourned. SHOULD NOT VOTE

A circular has been issued to Republiurging them to not vote for Cecil Brown the sale of his own lands.

at the coming election, and giving cogent Harmony and enthusiasm reigned at reasons, why this advise should be followed. The circulars were mailed yesterday. The document reads as follows:

> There has been a lot of controversy regarding the so-called "bolt" of Cecil Brown, but why dignify it by the name of "bolt," when it might more properly be termed a defection, it having been openly stated before the nominating convention took place that he would run independent in event of his not being given what he wanted?

In his open apology for running, Mr. Brown has said that it was his intention to abide by the decision of the conven-tion; and it is highly probable that such was his intention some time previous and before he would have believed it possible that any convention in Hawaii could turn HIM down. It is also true beyond a doubt that the statement heard so often just before and during the convention, that he WAS to run, whether nominated by the convention or not coming as it did in the form of a threat, conduced to his defeat.

From our point of view there are sev eral other reasons, all good ones, why he very properly was not favored with a renomination at the hands of the party, the first in importance being his well-known hostility to the Governor

and administration generally.

Every man of average intelligence who will stop to consider the matter must know that if any good is to come out of the next Legislature it must come through that body working in harmony with the administration, and surely the way to secure such harmony is not to elect to the superior branch any man or set of men avowedly opposed to the Governor and his plans.

Not alone the honesty of intention, but the avisdom of the Governor in planning for a progressive and economical administration of affairs is now universally recognized, and the people are mostly/content to leave matters to his direction so that the opposition of a single Brown could not defeat his measures, but the opposition of such a Brown could easily cost the taxpayers \$1,000 per day in prolonging the session by the obstruction tactics of which he is a past

No cifizen with confidence in the Gov ernor will vote for Brown, as he would knowingly he voting against the best interests of the Territory. In other words, a vote for Brown will be a vote for a prolonged and expensive session of the Legislature and a vote against progress and much needed reform.

HE DECLINES TO BE **CAMPAIGN EXHIBIT**

Morris' Kechokaloie, the stranded private secretary of Delegate Kuhlo at Washington, disdams the thought of being brought home by Democratic money to be posed as a campaign exhibit by the Democrats. Neither will he accept any other eleemosynary mean of transportation.

In a letter to a friend in Honolulu, Keohokalole says he declines to come home on subscriptions from the Democratic party or anybody else. He declares he will return only on money can voters by the Republican committee belonging to himself, raised through

gle will be one of years and that the regult. The FOUND AGAINST MIRANDA

(Continued from Page L)

of her fingers on the man's chest. The American did not swear at the Porto Rican that night. Witness did not know whether Miranda drew the knife She did not see the knife; did not see the American's hands when he pushed still have plenty of men to draw from. the Porto Rican.

Mr. Andrews objected to two prossexaminations on the same subject, Be road to take the thorn out of her foot; was sustained and then, at 11:05, announced that the case for the prosecufrom the fact that a small detachment tion was closed.

THE DEFENSE OPENS.

defense. "The defense in this case is that this was not murder in the first degree," he began. "That there was a life taken that night there can be no doubt." Counsel said it would be attempted to be shown that the crime of the defendant was manslaughter, that the deed was committed in the hest of blood and not by a person of cool and steady mind. The defendant would be put on the stand to testify in his own behalf. His environment This aiment is usually caused by should be taken into consideration. He was brought up in ignorance. Though be cured by applying Chamberlain's be could read he could not write, For Pain Balm two or three times a day several days before the killing of Mr.

and rubbing the parts vigorously, at Damon he had been drunk. DEFENDANT TESTIFIES.

ford relief, bind on a piece of flannel year, when 11 years of age. When 12 The woman told me to throw away low. For sale by all dealers and drug- vears of age his father and mother the knife. gists. Benson. Smith & Co., Ltd., died. He came here when 19; worked

months; had worked on plantation in Porto Rico: was a Catholic-this answering a question if he had any religious training in his youth.

The woman told me to take the lanout before or after Damon touched him, tern (laughter, suppressed by the bailiff); it was about 7 o'clock; took the lanterp because the woman wanted me to, as she had a thorn in her foot; I sat down on the lefthand side of the "it was in the heel of her lefthand foot,"

Saw a buggy; an American and a Pake were in it: cannot say how many Mr. Davis opened to the jury for the fcan passed by he said something, I were in the buggy; when the Amerdo not remember what. I could not understand." After the buggy went by I was sitting down working at that thorn: about five minutes later the buggy returned; the American stopped and asked me where I got this lan- have a thorn in my foot; did not have tern: I said:

"I got this lantern on the bunch of dirt on the road." He told me go and put it back; he

said "God damn you, put that lantern back." I asked him to wait; he said he would not and called me "and punched at me, first with the time. hand, then with the left. Then I asked him what he wanted with me: then he stood up and he hit me; he struck at me but he never hit me. I dodged Jose Miranda, called, said he was 23 him. When he shoved me I wounded years of age; attended school about a him; then I take the road and go on.

The woman told me to use that from Waipahu plantation about II because that man might short me; that was before I stabled him. I never saw that man before; had no enmity aguinst him. I was not angry but I was a little intoxicated; had taken a grod deal of wine; did not know that Filled him; did not know that I

wounded him. I did not want to tell about that woman, but since she is trying to send me to prison I will tell the truth about her. That was her knife. I took her to live with me at Liliha street. She told me that was her knife; she told me to leave it there, that I might want it. That morning I wanted to go to Waialua; told Chito to make some coffee; Antonia did not want to drink the coffee; Antonia cried and did not want me to go to Walalua; I told her I had to go because they wanted to arrest me. I went to Moanalua on the electric car; Antonia went to town and brought food to me; I took the knife to open a can of meat; Antonio opened the can of meat with the knife I put the knife in my trousers.

Antonia took a rock to kill a Chinaman; if she says I told her to do se she lies. I was drinking from the 26th (the day before the killing) in the evening; drank about a gallon of wine; the woman did not drink any of it.

Cross-examined by Attorney General Andrews-Witness admitted having been convicted of various offenses three or four times since coming to Hawaii; the first time was after he had been working on the plantation for eleven months; was out of fail ten days after serving a sentence of two years for burgiary in the first degree before stabbing Damon: knew the police were after him; because Antonia told him; it was for breaking open a trunk belonging to a Porto Rican woman. (A question as to whether he had not been convicted in Porto Rico of stabbing a woman and escaped was overruled first on objection to the escaping and then on objection to the stabbing.) Did not sit down on the pile of dir

to take the thorn out; the woman did not tell him then that she had a thorn in her foot; they had already passed the lantern before she told-him about the thorn, about 150 feet; they ran back square, at King and Kapiolani street, and sat down, not at the pile of dirt but 150 feet farther; while I was looking for the thorn the buggy came up; did not throw the lantern down until the man came in the buggy; was sitting down by the road when the man came along; he didn't hit me right away but told me to put the lantern back.

I was sitting down with the woman's foot in my lap when the buggy came up; he hit me when I was sitting down; he did not strike me because I dodged. (Witness here described the striking motion of Mr. Damon, which was a high swing at the level of the striker's shoulder.) He struck me a second time when I was sitting down. then I sat up and as I sat up he shoved me, and then I struck at him with my fist; did not pull out my knife then; the woman told me I had an iron; we were right close together when I drew the knife; he tried to prevent me from drawing the knife, he had hold of me.

(Witness illustrated how he struck Damon with the knife, giving an under thrust. He showed how the handle of the knife came off when the blow was struck.)

I struck him so gently that I did not know I wounded him; it is not a fact that my thumb went into the wound. He went to his buggy and then we walked on; we were walking slowly; did not run till the roman told me to run; don't knew where I threw the knife, somewhere on the right of the road: ran because the woman told me I wounded the man; she told me the word the American said. I ran for a while till I came to the railroad, then did not run any more; the woman told me we had better take the track.

"When you approached the haole with the knife were you angry?"

"No, I was drunk." (Question if he was perfectly calm and cool allowed against objection.) I got angry; bad thoughts came into my head; in consequence of the bad thoughts I stabbed Mr. Damon; the thoughts were from the time he swore at me and shoved me; at the time I punched Damon with my hands the bad thoughts came into my mind. I had been drunk at Moanalua; bought the wine in Honolulu; drank from the gallon until I got to Moanalua; did not drink it all up; was carrying the demijohn in my hands; finished it about 12 o'clock midday; had nothing to drink from 12 noon until night.

Witness identifies Officer McDuffie across the courtroom and proceeds-Told him (McD.) in prison I had bought this knife for ten cents from a Porto Rican; told him so that the woman would not be arrested; told a lie that

"I would not tell a lie to save anybody from arrest;" would try to save a woman from arrest; knew she was arrested at that time. It was true that the woman picked up a rock; it was not true that I told them (Chito and Antonia), to pick up rocks so as to knock a Pake senseless; it was the woman who said that; a Pake passed and she threw two rocks at him.

At 12 noon Mr. Andrews had concluded his cross-examination.

THE WOMAN CALLED. Mr. Davis wanted to have the woman

ecalled, which was done. Marie Antonia Colonna-(shown the knife) never saw that knife before; first saw it in the hands of Signor Mc-Duffle; Jose Miranda did not get that knife from my bouse; never saw a man open a can of beef with it. To Mr. Andrews (in rebuttal)-Jose

Miranda did not drink any wine at Moanalus that day. To a juror-Did not a thorn that night. Miranda was not sitting down when Damon came along: if he said so it is a lie; my foot was not in Miranda's lap to have a thorn taken out.

WAS NOT DRUNK.

C. F. Chillingworth, Deputy High Sheriff, recalled-Arrested defendant time. about 9 o'clock; there were absolutely no traces of liquor about him, nor signs of interication.

Chito, recalled-Miranda had no liquor. Cross-examined by Mr. Davis-Miranda handed me the knife to open a can of beef; the woman was not pres efit; do not know whether the woman

(Continued on Page 2.)

CUT DOWN

Celebrated Equity Suit Dismissed-Divorce Granted.

The Supreme Court yesterday, in the following order, took down the price of naturalization from the high figure at which it stood since the inauguration of the Territory as compared with the cost of the process in the Federal

"It is ordered that the costs in naturalization cases in all courts of the Territory having jurisdiction of such cases shall be as follows:

Filing petition\$ 25 Oath of allegiance..... Filing oath of allegiance..... Docketing judgment 1.00

Total.\$4.00 and that no other costs shall be charged in such cases."

NOTED SUIT ENDS

The Supreme Court yesterday dis-

missed the appeal of plaintiff in the suit of Kailuauss, A. K. Campbell-Parker and others. This is the case in which the plaintiff sued to cancel 2 deed to property opposite Thomas given to the late James Campbell by her, on the ground of alleged coercion and fraud. Between the conveyance in question and the bringing of the action the property was sold in pieces to different third parties.

BOYD'S CASE SET.

E. S. Boyd's trial for embezziement of public funds has been peremptorily set by Judge Robinson for next Mon-

COURT NOTES.

Judge Robinson granted a divorce to Daniel Pihenul against Keakaokala Pibenui on the ground of desertion. The regular panel of jurors in Judge Gear's court is required to be in attendance at 10 o'clock on Tuesday

morning, the 11th inst. Judge De Bolt had to issue another special venire for 26 men in the Chinatown fire insurance case yesterday, the jurors brought in by the previous day's venire not furnishing twelve men to

try the case,

Judge De Bolt will call the balance of the civil cases on his calendar at 9 o'clock this morning.

GONE AWAY TO THE LAND OF HIS BIRTH

L. de L. Ward, for many years past in the office of W. G. Irwin & Co., Ltd., eft in the steamer Sonoma last night for New Zealand, the land of his birth. to remain permanently. Mr. Ward came to Honolulu as a child with his parents, his father being a practicing lawyer here for some years, and he leaves them at rest in Nuuanu cemetery. He has been prominent in Masonic circles here and taken considerable interest in athletic sports, and will be greatly missed by a large number

CELEBRATE EDWARD'S BIRTHDAY

Britishers in Honolulu are working up interest in a celebration of King Edward's birthday on November 9. Discussion of the matter has already developed considerable enthusiasm and the occasion will undoubtedly be fittingly observed.

PEARL HARBOR MUST WAIT IMPROVEMENTS

WASHINGTON, Sept 24-Nothing has been done by the Navy Department towards establishing a naval station at Pearl Harbor in the Hawalian Islands, although for some time this Government possessed a site gvallable for a naval station. With America's enlarged and increasing interests in Asiatic waters such a station would be most valuable.

It is the opinion of the naval general board, however, that the resources of the Government should be expended in other directions, mainly at Guantanamo and Olongapo. The sentiment has been, and probably will continue to be, in favor of rushing work in those directions and not doing much else. This opinion is based on the strategic conaiderations and the belief that America should have facilities at Guantanamo and Olongapo in the least possible

There is great need of additional drydocks on both the Atlantic and the Pacific coasts. On the western coast the service could find valuable use for two more drydocks, while on the Atlantic coast at least two new ones are needed.

Extra steamer time tables can be bad by calling at the Gazette office.

FEDERAL BUILDING

Sites Chosen By the Chamber of Commerce.

Three sites have been selected by the Chamber of Commerce as suitable locations upon which to erect a Federal 🕹 building. These sites were agreed upon in a resolution passed yesterday at a meeting of the trustees of the Chamber of Commerce, as follows:

Resolved, That the President and Secretary of this body be requested to communicate with the Honorable Secretary of the Treasury, on the urgent need of Honolulu for a Federal building, suitable to the present and future needs of Federal officers, and petitioning that official to recommend an appropriation for such purpose in his next report to Congress.

Resolved, Further, That the President and Secretary, in so presenting the matter to the Honorable Secretary of the Treasury, request that should an appropriation be made, such public building be erected on any suitable site within the following boundaries: Commencing at Halekauwila street, up Fort street, to Hotel street, along Hotel street to Richards street, down Richards street, along King street to Mili-Inni street, down Milliani street to Ha-lekauwila street, along Halekauwila street to place to beginning.

And Resolved, Further, That the President and Secretary hand a copy of this resolution to Hawaii's Delegate to Congress, with the request that he do all in his power to procure an appropriation for said purpose.

Resolved, That the President and Secretary communicate with the Honorable Secretary of the Treasury of the United States on the necessity of securing a Revenue Cutter for service in the Hawaiian Islands, and repectfully request that official to embody in 🕹 his report to Congress a recommendation for an adequate appropriation for that purpose.

And Further Resolved, That a copy of this Resolution be handed by the President and Secretary to the Delegate from the Territory of Hawaii to Congress, with the request that he use all means in his power to secure such appropriation.

Resolutions of regret concerning the death of S. Edward Damon, were also passed.

MISTAKEN DIAGNOSIS.

There are many people who have pains in the back and imagine that their kidneys are affected, while their only trouble is rheumatism of the muscles which can be cured by a few apcles, which can be cured by a few appliances of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, or by dampening a piece of flannel with or by dampening a piece of flannel with the Pain Balm and binding it over the effected parts. A pain in the side of chest should be treated in the same manner and prompt relief is sure to follow. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

THE ST. ANDREW'S **QUIET DAY SERVICE**

A Quiet day for women will be held today at St. Andrew's Cathedral, beginning with a celebration of the Holy Communion at 10 o'clock. This will be followed by a meditation and prayer until 12 o'clock when lunch will be served in the Sunday school room. From 1:15 p. m. the Quiet day will be continued until 4 o'clock when it will be closed with evening prayer.

Women generally are invited to attend these services. Those who cannot attend throughout will find opportunity to come or go as may be most con-

Convincing

Must Accept the Following

the most profound reasoners the world the only man in the Wason district ever produced, once cut a large hole in who dared to drive a stage coach a board fence to allow a favorite cat straight through the Raiston. But access to two gardens, and cut a there came a day when Hoover found maker hole to allow her kitten to follow her. The weakness manifested in Sir Isaac's action was due to want of thought. Any reader who mentally determined the proof offered here about the proof of the bates the proof offered here about mous Lost gold mine, a vein in the Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and ar-rives at any other conclusion than that stated in this citizen's statement, is as possessor would become at once a king a pitch that he could no longer remain short of reasoning powers as the phil- among millionaires; and in the spring in hiding.

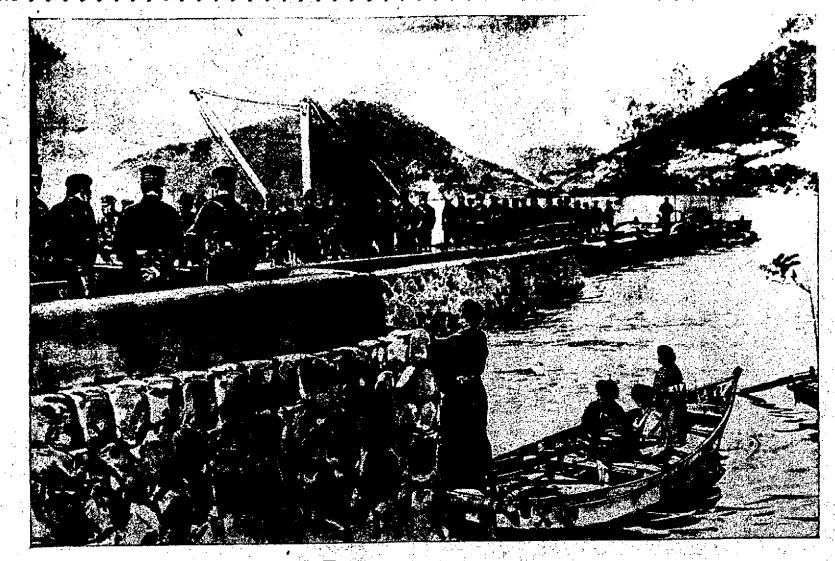
osopher when he turned exceenter. Mr. H. S. Swinton of this city says: "I was a long sufferer from backache, shrewd a man to take any one into his time; but Billy was not to be put off Maving been afflicted with it for twelve confidence, for he knew the riffraff, the Tears. Taking this as a symptom of offscourings of civilization that comkidney trouble, and seeing Doan's prized the society of that godlers Backache Kidney Pills advertised as country. He had passed the meridian being good for complaints such as of life, and the fire of his nature could mine. I procured some of them at the no longer be kindled even by the sight Hollister Drug Co.'s store. I found up- of gold; so he kept his own counsel on taking them that they were doing while he toiled in the Wason eliver me good, and was thereby encouraged mines and hearded up money whereto keep on until now I am cured of the with to develop his wonderful find.

Rackache The merits of Doan's Backmerks Kidney Pills have been strikingly

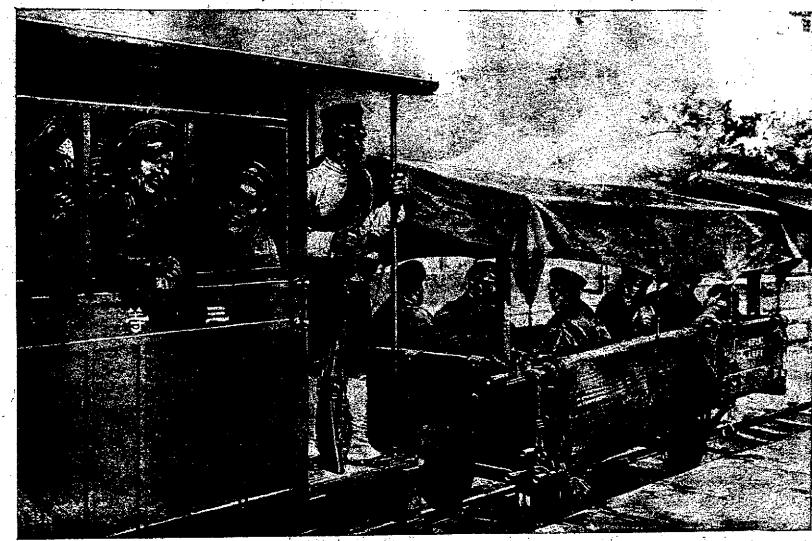
At length the help of snother man sche Kidney Pills have been strikingly

sold by all chemists and storekeepers rise in the north as anywhere else; business is a kind o' circumstantial zards a-doin' here? Looks like there around the heartbroken father and the at 50 cents per box. six boxes \$2.50, or moreover, he could handle so pick and evidence again you. will be malled on receipt of price by shovel with alactity; but here his the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, catalogue of virtues come to an end. I don't find the boy ole Harris kin her wholesale agents for the Hawalian Hoover had no fear that West would the fur, o' stringin' me up," Jack re-

RUSSIAN PRISONERS AT MATSUYAMA.



ARRIVAL OF PRISONERS



ROUGH COMFORT IN A PRISON TRUCK: ENTRAINING RUSSIAN PRISONERS FOR MATSUYAMA.

The Japanese consideration for their prisoners is almost unparalleled in the history of warfare. Here, although the captives can be accommodated only in a railway truck, they have been carefully provided with an awning.

GOLD MINE WAS A CURSE.

Famous Lost Lode Responsible For Many Horrible Deaths In the Desert.

portion of Nevada, terminating in the Death Valley of California, formerly bore the general name of Ralston Desert—a wide, arid region given over to scrubby sagebrush and cacti, and to the here with the heip of his fourteen-The Average Honolulu Citizen buzzards, for whose epicurian palate year-old boy, Billy, and half a dozen the hapless miner who sought to short- ranch hands, he managed to raise en his journey to California too often enough beef and produce for old Waprovided a sumptuous repast.

Three-Fingered Jack Hoover, herald-The great Sir Isaac Newton, one of ed in song by our own 'Gene Field, was of '87 he struck his lead,

Three-Fingered Hoover was far too

shown in my case, and I recommend indispensable, and he selected you." the Sheriff said to Hoover, "Billy croud," he whispered to West, then to other sufference."

Then to other sufference." bem in other sufferers."

Doan's Packache Kidney Pills are Dan West the sun was as Ekely to what your claim was, an' the whole drapped down. But what's them bux- rude pine box Hoover threw his arms Democrat. betray his secret, for the obvious turned doggedly,

The series of longitudinal valley reason that West knew as little about that traverses the central-southern the location of the claim after he had visited it as he did before.

Twenty-five miles from the Reese range Joe Harris had pre-empted a gem of an oasis some 40 acres in a**rea, and**

To this delightful spot, known the country over as Cloverdale ranch, Hoover and West repaired late one Saturday night. While they were feeding their horses they discussed, with unguarded freedom, their plans for the ensuing day, and Billy Harris, concealed behind the haymow, drank in every word of their thrilling conver-

"Lemme go 'long, Jack?" he pleaded, when his eagerness had reached such

Hoover laughed good-naturedly at the boy and promised to take him next with linext time." Not a wink of sleep came to his pillow that night, and before daybreak he was on the housetop watching for the departure of

been seen since Sunday morning, and soon, an' we kin ketch him an' wrap to account. "Looks mighty dark for every blasted drap we've got in the told one of the hands that he knowed

"Glmme 40 men an' 19 days, en' ef returned.

40 mounted men set out for Cloverdale hundred times since the torment of ranch. Most of them had hunted men three days in the desert had dethroned in the desert before, and the prospect his reason. A dumb, white anguish was by no means a pleasing one; but settled over the sturdy ranchman and there was something more than a feel- his body relaxed for a moment in the ing of pity for a comrade in trouble to saddle. Then suddenly he started up. stimulate them; for somewhere in the put spurs to his horse and, with a heart of the Raiston lay Three-Finger- yell that must have aroused the deed Hoover's Eldorado.

At the ranch the company broke up, going in groups of 10, to each of the points of the compass. They were provided with a week's supply of food majestically into the clear blue above. and water, and signals of distress and

The party that set out toward the of the missing boy in charge of 'he Sheriff, for the disposition was still the supposed murderers of his child. Endless vistag of desert sand stretched away in every direction, with never a trace of vegetation save a scanty growth of sagebrush, and overhead the clear, thin blue of the desert sky,

Two days and pights were passed on of the third day Hoover described a flock of buzzards wheeling in everlessening circles in the transparent heavens. Too well be understood why those unneighborly birds had assemthe party, he scrutinized the sand. triumph and dismay burst from his lips and the rope that in fancy he had been wearing about his neck loosened its hold.

"Look! Ef it ain't Billy it's some other poor devil that's gone mad in Three-Fingered Hoover and his com- the desert. Mebbe we kin save him yit ef he ain't gone too fur. He must be On Tuesday word was received at the tiother side of the ridge now. He'll Wason River mine that Billy had not come trudgin' 'round to this side pretty

> "Yes, of he sin't done potered out an' war societhin' dead 'roun' loose," West itwo men west.

At daybreak next morning a pary of Bill's blistered feet had traveled a mons in torment, galloped across the ridge. At the first shot from his revolver the vultures fluttered up from their repast and raised themselves

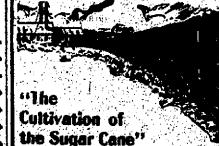
Harris flung himself from his horse triumph had previously been agreed and sank on the sand beside the awful remains of what was once his hope and pride. The body was bloated almost to south was headed by Three-Fingered bursting. From the left cheek and Hoover and Dan West, with the father brow the flesh was goone, leaving one great staring eye loose in its socket, and among the clots of hair the naked strong in him to make short work of skull gleamed through. As the rest of the party approached the father, crouched like a hunted beast and covered the wreck of a face with his hat.

"Don't let 'em see," he whispered to the Sheriff. But Hoover was not to be shut out of that group. With the tenderness of a woman he raised the boy the burning sand, and on the evening in his arms and wrapped the blanket around him. His companions advised that the body be buried in the sand. for the modern process of embalming was not to be had in the desert. But the sturdy old miner heard not their bled themselves. Galloping ahead of remonstrances, With his awful burden clasped closely to his arms he turned Presently an exclamation of mingled his horse's head toward Cloverdale ranch.

As soon as darkness settled brush fires were kindle! on the highest porphyry ridges to no lify the other search parties that their services were no longer needed. M st of them went at once to New Boston to resume their work, for a funeral that had not been preceeded by a fight or a lynching possersed little charm for them

Beside the merry little Cloverdale that his father held Hoover and West a wet blanket around him of it takes Creek the ranch hands dug a shallow grave, close to where Billy's mother had been buried five years before. As the loose earth raitled down on the

> "It's all the curse of gold, Joe," he At that moment, the Sheriff, was said. 'I almost lost my soul for it; but Sonoma, and, pending their departure pointing out to Joe Harris the besten my mother's prayers kept a-ringin' in for the Garden Isle, are guests at the path in the sand—the wide circle that my cars, an' now the Lord has scared. Alexander Toung Hotel,



a treatise on the fundamental principles of growing Sugar Cane, should be in the hands of every planter.

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Nitrate of Soda

(THE STANDARD AMMONIATE) in increasing and bettering the growth of Sugar Cane is now so well understood that the real profit in sugar growing may be said to depend upon its use.

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me back."

The following day Hoover was blown into eternity by a belated shot in the Wason silver mine. Two weeks later Dan West, in search of Hoover's claim, met the awful fate of madness, the circular path and a death of nameless horror in the desert. How many other men have followed in his footsteps in search of that chimerical lode only the vultures can tell-St. Louis Globe-

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Neal, of Kaust, returned from the mainland on the

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REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Entered for Record Sept. 2, 1964. Antonio J Estrella to Manuel I Cor-NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.

Frederic W Hardy to Francisco Thos P Rochfort to Emily Agular...D William Green Jr to Elikapeka

A N Campbell Tr to Laie K Pom-R A Lyman et al to F S Lyman CM John N Makaiwa by Gun to Notice Sophia D C Duck et al to Mary N DavisPD

W Akau to C Ako.....BS Wm A Kinney and wi to Est S C S Iwasaki to First Bank of Hilo

H Waterhouse Tr Co Ltd to Edith B WallaceRel Kaniho Wagner et al to M A Ta-

Bessie A Kaukalu et al to Waialua Agiel Co LtdL Bank of Hawaii Ltd to Daniel H Mrs H K Lowe to Lucy H Henriques Ad Security Levi Kalechanchano to A Lidgate Confirmation

G E Miner and wi to Louisa Moss-Entered for Record Oct. 4, 1904.

Barney C Reynolds to John C Wag-John C Wagner and wf to C Schoell-

C Schoellkopf and wf to Mrs Kaniho Joao F Gavina to Virginia Soares.. Rei Manuel Luiz and wi to Harriet E W

Maile Keawe to Frank Andrade....M Bishop & Co to William G Irwin AM Geo Lycurgus to Christina I Pei-

Geo Lycurgus to Christina I Pei--Christina I Peixoto and hab to Western & Hawn Invst Co Ltd.......M

Lau Ah Yin and wi to Phoenix Sav D T Fleming to Harriet W Taite...Rei Chun See Chin to Chang Young.....BS

Entered for Record Oct. 5, 1904. E C Greenwell to W C Achi.....Can L Chong Lung to Lau Choon......BS Est of W L Wilcox by Exor to

Iosia Keawe to Hawn Realty & Maturity Co LtdM

Recorded Sept. 26, 1904.

B H Brown and wf to A B Loebenstein; M; pc land, Puuco, Hilo, Hawaii; \$369.30. B 259, p 488. Dated July

Co Ltd; AM; mtg B H Brown and wf lulu, Oahu. B 262, p 64. Dated Sept on pc land, Puueo, Hilo, Hawaii; 27, 1904. \$369.30. B 259, p 489. Dated Sept 10,

G W Paty and wf to H Hackfeld & Co Ltd; M; lots 47 and 48, blk F, Ka-piolani Park Addn, Honolulu, Oahu; George W McDougall to Henry Weeks; CM; 50 head of cattle, Walea, S Kona, Hawaii; agrmt in B 265, p 103; \$400. B 259, p 492. Dated Sept 13, 1904.

G E Miner and wi to Maul Agret! Co by Tr. D. R W for ditch, waterway, etc, cross Gr 59, Haiku, Makawao, Maui; \$1500. B 258, p 390. Dated Sept 19, 1904.

I Kelikuloa to Ioana Kahikkolo, D; int in Kul 1256, Ap 1, Kalihi, Hono-

Est of A J Rodrigues by Admrx to S Kimura: L; 6 rooms in 1st story of Rodrigues block, cor Main and Market Sts. Walluku, Maui; 1 yr @ \$360. B 263, p 47. Dated Sept 1, 1904.

Kalelanuenue Halama (Mrs) to Ah Tuck; L; 1 25-100 A land and I loi, Halepa-hu, Waihee, Maul; 12 yrs @ \$60 per yr. B 263, p 49. Dated Aug 10,

Adelaide K Pua and hab (S K) to Samuel Parker; D; int in pc land, Waimes, S Kohala, Hawaii; \$400. B 258, p 393. Dated July 26, 1904.

Malkai Keliliki and wf to Eben P Low; M; R P 5222, Kui 10962, Waigio, Hamakua, Hawaii; \$200. B 262, p 52. Dated July 20, 1904.

John Schleif and wi to Eben P Low. M; lots 10 and 11, Waikoekoe, Hamakua, Hawaii; \$500. B 262, p 54. Dated Sept 23, 1904.

Francisco Marques to Dionizio de St. Honolulu, Oahu; \$1. B 261, p 417. Abreu: Rel; por lot 5, Kuls 1074 and 59FL, bldgs, etc. Alewa, Honolulu, Oahu; \$400. B 232, p 233. Dated Sept 16, 1904.

Dionizio de Abreu and wf to Francisco Marques: D; por lot 5, Kuls 1074 and p 417. Dated Sept 20, 1904. 59FL, bldgs, etc. Alewa, Honolulu, Oahu; \$400. B 258, p 394. Dated Sept

Kaide lillii (k) to M Kahalekulu (k): D; R P 3706, Kul 6145T, Honokohau, Kaanapali, Maul; \$25. B 258, p 395. Dated Aug 6, 1903.

M Kahalekulu (k) to Henry P Baldwin; D; 11-16 int in R P 3706, Kui 6145T, Honokohau, Kaanapali, Maui; \$206.25. B 258, p 896. Dated Sept 22, 1904.

Joao Borges to Jacinta de Jesus; PA; general powers. B 265, p 201, Dated Dated Sept 28, 1904. June 8, 1900.

Joso Borges by atty and wi to Anna Fernandez; D; 22500 sq ft land, Metcalf, Marques and Short Sts, Honolulu, Os-hu: \$600. B 261 p 407 hu; \$600. B 261, p 407. Dated June 8.

M D Monsarrat Comr to Frances Keating (widow); D; pors Kuls 1151 and 1476, Nuuanu Rd, Honolulu, Oahu. B 261, p 408. Dated Sept 24, 1904.

Ely Peck by Exors to Samuel S Peck; D; int in por Kul 4452, etc. bldgs, etc. Vineyard St, Honolulu, Oaku; \$12,000. B 261, p 409. Dated Sept 26 1904.

Samuel S Peck and wf to A Lewis Jr; M; por Kul 4452, etc. bldgs, etc. Vineyard St. Honolulu, Oahu; \$10,000. B 262, p 56. Dated Sept 26, 1904. Samuel Kealchaumi and wf to W E

Shaw: M: R Pa 792 and 788 and rents on same, Alea, Ewa, Oahu; \$112. B 262, p 59. Dated Sept 21, 1904.

D: pc land and R W. Kalibi, Honolulu. Oahu. B 261, p 411. Dated Dec 28, 1992. Kenhi (widow) to Albert A d'Araujo; M; por Ap 2, R P 25/9, Kul 6450 8nd Evangelino da Silva to Joso Feros. Rei R W. Kalihi, Honolulu, Oahu; \$250. B frequently on the Advertiser and the 260, p 158. Dated Sept 23, 1904.

Charles W Booth and wi to Anton Oliviera; D: lot 2 blk I. Pacific Heights Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; \$200. B 264, p 120. Dated Sept 24, 1904.

Antone Olivara and wf to George Raupp; M; lot 2, blk 1, Pacific Heights Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; \$250. B 260. p 160. Dated Sept 24, 1904.

Lau Yuen and wf by afft; Affdt; in reconveyance of pc land, King St. Honolulu, Oahu. B 265, p 208. Dated Sept 20, 1904.

Lau Yuen and wf by Afft; Affdt; in re-ownership of pc land, King St. Honolulu, Oahu. B 265, p 204. Dated Sept

Lau Yin and wi to Lee Let; D; por R P 1038, Kul 170, King St, Honolulu, Oahu; \$4000. B 264, p 121. Dated Sept

J Alfred Magoon and wf to H T Walker et al: D: easterly half lot 15, blk B. Magoon Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; \$600. B 264, p 123. Dated Sept 6, 1904.

Recorded Sept. 27, 1904. Waialua Agretl Co Ltd to Kum Wo

L; 4A land, Kawailoa, Waialua, Oahu; 15 yrs @ \$50 per yr. B 257, p 490. Dated Mar 28, 1903.

Kum Wo to Yee Shung Kee; CM leasehold, stock in trade and fixtures, Kawailoa, Walalua Oahu; int in insurance policy; \$800. B 262, p 61. Dated July 8, 1904.

Est, of Bernice P Bishop by Trs to Woodlawn Fruit Co Ltd; Consent; to A. L of 18 1-10 A land, Waiau, Ewa, Oahu. B 240, p 210. Dated Sept 26, 1904.

Est of Emma Kaleleonalani by Tr to Woodlawn Fruit Co Ltd; Consent; to A L of 125 69-100 A land, Halawa, Ewa, Oahu. B 240, p 196. Dated Sept 21,

Est of Bernice P Bishop by Tis to Woodlawn Fruit Co Ltd; Consent; to A L of 28 A land, Halawa, Ewa, Oahu. B 240, p 190. Dated Sept 26, 1904.

Est of Bernice P Rishop by Trs to Woodlawn Fruit Co Ltd Consent, to A L of 143 85-100 A land, Halawa, Ewa, Oahu. B 240, p 185. Dated Sept 26, 1904

Est of Bernice P Bishop by Trs to Woodlawn Fruit Co Ltd; Consent, to A L of por Ap 6, R P 1963, Kul 5524, fish ponds, fishing right, etc, Kalauzo, Ewa, Oahu. B 184, p 396. Dated Sept 26, 1904.

Hilo Sugar Co to Emma A Nawahl Hawaii; 10 yrs @ \$30 per yr. B 257, p 492. Dated July 28, 1904. William Nawahine and wf et als to

Mary E Foster; D; 1-5 int in Kul 5220, Ap 2, Kahana, Koolauloa, Oahu; \$30. B 261, p 413. Dated Sept 27, 1904.

Mork Shoon et al to Est of S C Allen by Exors and Trs; Fore Entry; por R A B Loebenstein to Hilo Mercantile P 2699. Kul 11213, Kaumakapili, Hono-

Recorded Sept. 28, 1904.

Jose G Serrao and wf to H Hackfeld & Co Ltd; M; 22 pcs land, Hilo and Puna, Hawaii; 2 leaseholds, Hilo \$528.83. B 259, p 490. Dated Apr 11, 1904. and Puna, Hawaii; \$14,758.15. B 260, p 161. Dated July 31, 1904.

H Hackfeld & Co Ltd to Jose G Serrao; Rel; R P 4658, Kaumana, Hilo; Hawaii; 3 leaseholds, Hilo, Hawaii; 15 shares in Hilo Port Sug Mill Co Ltd; 310. Dated Sept 28, 1904.

W H Cornwell: Par Rel; Secs 1 and 2, mile wide, mainly opening into the great Grs 1840, 1841, 1842 Ap 8, and Aps 1 Waipio valley, but also showing at the and 2 Gr 1839, Kul 8806, Ap 1 and pors head of Honokane. Such a chasm lying Iulu, Cahu; \$10, etc. B 258; p 392. Dat- Kuls 2416, 8807, 492, 920 and 448, Corn- directly athwart the natural course of ed July 10, 1899. Palahalaha, Waikapu, Maui; \$10,150. B 262, p 65. Dated Sept 16, 1908.

Henry Waterhouse Tr Co Ltd to W H Cornwell; Par Rel; leasehold, Ukumehame, Lahalna, Maui; \$1. B 262; p 67. Dated Sept 16 1903.

Kapiolani Estate Ltd et al to W C Achi: Par Rel: lot 12, blk C, Kapiolani Tract, Honelulu, Oahu; \$300. B 262, p

68. Dated Feb 19, 1904. W C Achi by Tr to Philip Jardin; D; lot 12, blk C. Kapiolani Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; \$550. B 261, p 414. Dated Feb 20 1904.

Phillip Jardin and wf to Albert N Campbell Tr; M; lot 12. blk C. Kapiolani Tract, Honolulu, Oahu; \$550. B 262. p 70. Dated Feb 21, 1904. Robert L Colburn to Peter C Jones

Ltd; D; 2 pes land, Mokauea St. Honolulu, Oahu; \$1, etc. B 261, p 415. Dated Sept 20 1904. W C Achi and wf and by Tr to Peter C Jones Ltd; D; 2 pcs land, Mokauea

Dated Sept 20, 1904. Kapiolani Estate Ltd et al to Peter C Jones Ltd: Par Rtl: 2 ocs land, Mokauea St. Honolulu, Oahu; \$1. B 261.

Peter C Jones Ltd to Territory of Hawaii by Supt Pub Works; D: 8504 sq ft land Mokauea and King Sts, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1. B 261, p 417. Dated explosive eruptions apparently of the Sept 20, 1904.

W R Castle Tr by atty to J Mana; Rel: Aps 1, 2 and 3, R P 1127, Kul 3013, Hakipuu, Koolaupoko, Oahu; R P 5607, Kul 1574 Pauoa, Honolulu, Oahu; \$300. B 174, p 107. Dated Sept 27, 1904.

John Mana and wf to William R Castle Tr; M; 1 A land, bldgs, etc. Pauos, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1850. B 269 p 72.

Allan Dunn expects to leave for San Francisco today in the steamship China. Mr. Dunn expects to go to Southern California to spend a year or so, after which he proposes to return to England, the land of his birth. While in California Mr. Dunn will

complete a couple of plays which he hopes to see staged. A number of stories on Hawalian life will also be Mr. Dunn, during his five years' resi-

dence in Honolulu has taken an active Niau laukea et al by Comr to Keahi; interest in local amateur theatricals. sports and general amusements, and will undoubtedly be greatly missed. He has been a popular member of the newspaper fraternity having served

Theory of Origin By the Late Rev. T. L. Gulick,

It must have been in the summer of 1802 that the writer remembers to have been voyaging in the pleasant company of the late Rev. Thomas L. Gulick, who was at that time nearing the close of his pastorate of the Makawao Foreign church We were on the steamer Kinau bound to Hilo. It was a pleasant after-noon. We had left Kohala point behind us. We had skirted the beautiful Kohala plantations, had speculated upon the apparently recent age of the volcanic cones on the crest of the northern ridge of the Kohala mountains, and were opening the great Pololu ravine, out of the upper end of which my father had laboriously climbed in 1825. Before us lay what was like a great recess on the northeast flank of the Kohala mountain. It was about eight miles in breadth along the coast, and one and a half miles in depth. It included the two vast valleys of Waipio and Waimanu, as well as those of Honokane and Pololu at the

The flature of this wonderful piece of scenery became at once the subject of earnest discussion. It was my first near front view of it from the ocean. Expressing a desire to pass nearer the shore. Mr. Gulick spoke to the captain, who at once kindly headed the ship close in, where we had a wonderful view of the mighty verdure-clad precipices towering from 1500 to 2000 feet above us. I began by propounding the opinion that this vast wall of precipice was simply the effect of marine erosion; of the wearing away of the coast by the ocean waves, such being apparently the cause of the low precipices along the part of the Kohala coast which we had just (Mrs); L; 3 A land, Punohoa 1st, Hilo, passed To this Gulick at once demurred, and strongly contended that it was caused by an immense fracture of the mountain side which had broken off and fallen into the ocean depths. I did not readily l accept this opinion, but became gradually convinced by the cogency of his reasoning, and have ever since been thoroughly satisfied of its correctness. It was a good geological lesson taught.

Without undertaking to repeat his whole line of reasoning, the chief arguments were perhaps as follows: Such an enormous precipice could not possibly have been cut away by the ocean waves. It was several times the height of the sea precipices both northwest and southeast. Moreover, this huge wall was recessed back of the other coast lines, from one and a half to two miles into the mountain, indicating that a massive section had been taken out by a sudden local convulsion

An especially strong piece of evidence int in 33 mtg notes; \$35,000. B 180, p was the existence of a vast chasm parallel to the coast, lying from four or five Henry Waterhouse Trust Co Ltd to miles inland. This chasm was about a Acolian erosion. It must have been the effect of the same rending convulsion which broke off the shore line, and remains as visible proof of that peculiar violent action. It should be noted that this inland chasm does not communicate with the great Waimanu valley, but lies right across the head of it, separated by a narrow ridge. I give some of these facts and figures from the recent careful man of the island.

Mr. Gulick especially adduced the frequent existence on these islands of extensive littoral precipices, evidently fractured off by local convulsions which have dropped large masses of mountain into the ocean depths. I was able to confirm this from my own observation. Very conspicuous on the island of Hawaii is such a fracture in Puna, directly south of and seven miles from the volcano of Kilauea. It is evidently quite recent. The precipice is over 1500 feet high and many miles in length. Above the brow of the precipice lie a succession of fissures parallel therewith, as if ready at any moment to break off. On the map this precipice is some fifteen miles At its base is a broad shelf in length. of fresh-looking lava, some three miles wide, evidently poured into the sea at the time of the convulsion. The uplands between this and Kilauea are studded with recent cinder cones, evidences of same date.

Again on the Kona coast is a clear. trace of a similar precipice, extending from north of Kealakekua bay for some six miles to beyond Honaunau at the south. The greater part of this precipice is, however, covered by subsequent streams of lava from Mauna Loa, which partially obliterate it. The one excepion is the precipice at the head of Kealakekua bay. There the lava streams have shunned the precipice, but have There the lava streams flowed down to the sea on either side, thus enclosing the bay and harbor. Elsewhere along the Kona coast, where the calm sea is devoid of tendency to marine erosion, are no precipices, but the long mountain slopes descend regularly to the

The north shore of the main mass of the island of Molokai seems to have been formed in the same manner. The whole porthern part of the mountain has to include the western half of the island. A great fracture and subsidence of the same kind of very recent occurrence seems to be that which produced the

ine north far inland into Kahuku. This conference between Brother Gulick and myself was a memorable one as to my own knowledge gained. This dear friend subsequently made many remarkable journeys in lands remote, and now bright and active life of service in the interior of Africa, antipodal to his native land of Hawaii.—The Friend.

SORE HANDS

Red, Rough Hands, Itching **Burning Palms and Painful** Finger Ends

ONE NIGHT TREATMENT

Soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry, and anoint freely with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear, during the night, old, loose kid gloves, with the finger ends cut off and air holes cut in the palms. For red, rough, chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, with shapeless nails and painful finger ends, this treatment is simply wonderful.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap Exclusively, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of failing hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, infammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcontitive weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the tollet, bath, and numerry. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to useany other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. Cutticuta Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cutticuta, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower adours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic tollet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the tollet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in Ores Soaf at One Price, the best skin and complexion soap, the best tollet and best baby soap in the world. the BEST skin and complexion scap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby scap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of Curicura Soap, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuitele, Curicura Cintment, to instantly allay itching and irritation and sooths and heal, and Curicura Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. Aust. Depot: R. Towns & Co., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: Lemmor Little, Cape Town.

MOST POPULAR

PUBLICATION

IN HOMOLULU

THE SUNDAY ADVERIISER

WAR NEWS, CHURCH NEWS, SPORTING NEWS, GENERAL NEWS AND ALL THE LATEST WORLD'S NEWS BY CABLE.

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INTERESTING READING TO SUIT EVERY TASTE, AND WITHAL, A CLEAN PUBLICATION ADMISSABLE TO THE FAMILY CIRCLE.



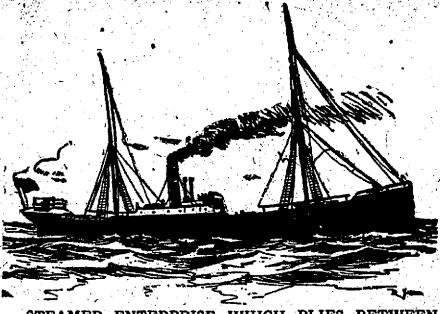
Published by the

Hawaiian Gazette

65 S. King St., Honolulu, Hawaii.

Subscribe for the Sunbroken off and disappeared, leaving an enormous precipice along the whole coast. Indeed, this great fracture seems to include the western half of the island. long precipice facing west, which exmonth, delivered by

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



STEAMER ENTERPRISE WHICH PLIES BETWEEN HILO AND SAN FRANCISCO. IT IS REPORTED THAT HER OWNERS WILL LAY HER UP UNTIL THE SUGAR SEASON REOPENS. -\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-

THE OLD RELIABLE

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

The arrival of the bark Mohican,

which is now out twenty days from

San Francisco, is auxiously awaited by

Kauai people, for there is a famine

in the land. The people have plenty to

eat, however, for the famine is one

of blasting powder. The big Maul ditch

which was recently completed is the

cause of the shortage, for nearly all

the powder in Honolulu was used in

the blasting operations there. As soon

as the Mohican arrives here the steam-

er Waialeale will make a special trip

to Kauai ports to take the powder over.

Several big blasting jobs are being held

up on account of the lack of explo-

ARRIVED.

O. S. S. Ventura, Hayward, from the

Br. sp. Fairport, Armstrong, from

Am. schr. Matthew Turner, Treanor,

from Newcastle, for Eleele, anchored

Stmr. Likelike, Naopala, from Maui

O. S. S. Sonoma, Herriman, from San

Stmr. Mikahala, Gregory, from Ka-

Stmr. Niihau, W. Thompson, from

Stmr. Likelike, Naopala, from Maui

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for

Waimanalo and Koolau ports, 7 a. m.

Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and

Stmr. Mauna Loa Simerson, for

Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Mani

Maul, Kona and Kau ports, 12 m.

DEPARTED.

Colonies, 7:45.

Hamburg, 8 a. m.

off port, 11 a. m.

Francisco, 8 a. m.

uai ports, 5:45 a.m.

way ports, 12 m.

Francisco, 2 p. m.

ports, 5 p. m.

cisco, 7:39 a. m.

Colonies, 10:20 p. m.

Mori and 75 deck,

Gay and wife

and wife.

Kauai ports, 5 p. m.

San Francisco, 11 a. m.

Molokai and Kawaihae, 5:15 p. m.

S. S. Argyll, Gilboy, for San Fran-

O. S. S. Sonoma, Herriman, for the

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Kausi ports-J. H. Coney, W. E. Hoo-

per, Miss D. Kruse, A. G. Gvanson, K.

Watanabe and wife, Chan Yuen, S. L.

Per stmr. Likelike, October 5, from

Maui and Melokai ports-D. K. Hay-

selden, Mrs. M. K. Nakuina, Charles

Departed.

Per stmr. Kinau, Oct. 4, for Hilo

and way ports.-Miss R. Awans, Mrs.

Kapiko, E. E. Hartmann, G. H. Brown,

W. B. Mariner, Mrs. J. H. Raymond,

Bicknell, E. P. Low and wife, Ohu

Chung, J. W. Bergstrom, I. Muramat-

Per stmr. Claudine, Oct. 4, for Maui

ports.-Mrs. A. A. Braymer, Mrs. W. A.

Hardy, G. W. Wilbur and wife, A. F.

Tavares, J. D. Dougherty, Miss Woods.

J. Rosenstein, S. Stephenson, J. Mo-

Guire, M. Hefferin, A. W. Rice, L. E.

Pinkham, J. T. Crawley, Miss Grace

sion, G. K. Luke, S. Pukuda, H. Mieva

Miss Porter, Mrs. Porter, L. Akana, J.

Per stmr Mikahala, October 5, from

Kauai ports, 1:50 a. m.

and Molokai ports, 10:80 a. m.

and Molokai ports, p. m.

Tuesday, October 4.

Wednesday, Oct. 5.

MORE POWDER

KAUAI WANTS

ENTERPRISE MAY STOP RUNNING

Advices from San Trancisco state that the steamer Enterprise, which is on the Hilo-San Francisco run, may not make any more trips until the first of the year, when the sugar season reepens. She herived at the coast port on the 22nd of last month with sixteen cabin and eight Japanese passengers. Her cargo was exceedingly light there being only 882 bags of sugar where the vessel generally is taxed to carry the load that awaits her.

On this account it is reported in Coast shipping circles that the Matson Steamship Company will take the Enterprise off the Hilo run after the trip which she is now making and lay her up in Oakland creek until the opening of the sugar season. The Enterprise has been on the Hilo line since 1901. She was formerly the British steamer St. George and was once in the Australian passenger trade.

In 1898 her owner, H. Deederischen, of Kiel, Germany, sent her to Cuba with a cargo of coal. During a fog she went ashore at the place where General Shafter was landing his troops. She was pulled off and sold to American parties who changed her name to Enterprise and got an American registry for her. She was built in 1882 at Newcastle-on-Type and is 2593 tons gross burden, 322 feet 8 inches long, 35 feet 8 inches beam and 26 feet 6 inches

NEW OIL SHIP FOR THIS RUN

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28 .- The British ship Cypromene, which was recently purchased by Captain John Barneson, is said to have passed into the hands of the Matson Navigation Company, and that it is the intention of this concern to operate her in the same capacity as the ship Marion Chilcott, which carries oil between this coast and the Hawaiian islands. In rder to traffic between the two Amer ican ports the ship must have an American registry, and rumor has it that the application is now being considered by the officials at Washington. The Cypromene is now at Boole's shipyard, where she is being measured for the oll tanks. It is stated that the vessel's rig will be changed and that the company is, at present, undecided as to whether she will be schooner or bark rigged.

Notice to Mariners.

San Francisco, Sept. 28, 1904. Humboldt Bar, California. (List of Lights, Buoys and Daymarks Pacific Coast, 1904, page 33.)

Notice is hereby given, that on or about October 15, 1904, the bell buoy off Humboldt Bar California, will be moved about 1-4 mile N, by E, 1-2 E. from its present position. New bearings will be:

Humboldt (discontinued) lighthouse, E. 1-4 S.

Tree on red bluff. S.E. by E. 1-8 E. Humboldt lighthouse, S. 5-8 E. Outside bar whistling buoy, W. by S. By order of the Lighthouse Board, W. P. DAY.

Commander U. S. N. Inspector 12th Lighthouse District. The following affects the list of

lights, buoys and daymarks, Pacific Coast, 1904: THIRTEENTH DISTRICT, OREGON. Umqua River Entrance, page 46-

Outer Buoy, a PS, second-class can. was moved September 17, and is now in 51 feet of water, about 1-4 mile S.E. of its former position. Umpqua river life saving station,

X.N.E. 3-8 E. Tangent, southern head Winchester Day, N.E. 1-8 N.

Umpous river lighthouse, E. 3-4 N. By order of the Lighthouse Board,

C. G. CALKINS, Commander U. S. N. Lighthouse In-

spector.

Office of Inspector 13th Lighthouse District, Portland, Oregon, Sept. 20, 1904. (No. 17, 1994.)

Caelic In Fine Shape.

The Government inspectors who looked over the steamer Gaelic after her arrival in San Francisco speak in praise of her condition. Although she is the oldest of the Original liners running out of this age to Hornach skong beauty one more a line in the contract of the condition and fit for minet The steamer has made named two vorages across the Pacific.

The Official and Commercial Record contains all meeting notices and all co. R. Ivers, C. Conradt, J. Jarrett, H. sometimes this produces an eruption exponention notices of every kind and de- Meyer. W. G. Irwin. William Giffara, that is even worse than the blistering charles Healy and wife. eription. hov

CHINA HAD LIGHT LIST

The well known Pacific Mail liner China arrived off port at three o'clock yesterday afternoon, ahead of time as usual. The quarantine inspection was very brief as there had been no sickness aboard. The steamer had a most pleasant and uneventful voyage scross the Pacific, good weather prevailing on the entire trip. She brings soc tons of freight to this port and a full cargo for San Francisco. The cargo for Honolulu is mostly Oriental foodstuffs and goods for the local Chinese and Japanese stores.

The China's passenger list is very small. She has none for Honolulu and only 30 for San Francisco. Among the passengers is Grant Wallace who has been representing the San Francisco Bulletin at the front. He is also connected with the Booklover's Magazine and the London Press Association.

Col. E. C. Ellison is a retired officer of the British army who is on a tour of the world.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Bell are school teachers returning from the Philippines. Mrs. James H. Blount is the widow of Colonel Blount, U. S. Minister to Hawaii under the Provisional Govern-

Mr. D. Brunn is a captain in the Danish army formerly attached to the staff of General Kuropatkin,

Mr. H. Franke is a German army officer on a tour.

Mr. J. E. Hawk is a postoffice official in the Philippines. He was formerly in the 14th Infantry and took part in the relief of Peking.

Capt. J. A. Logan, U. S. A., is an army officer returning from the Philip-

Mr. E. E. Parsons is an engineer who is making a tour of the world.

Mr. J. A. Nugent and Mr. S. W. Tayor are business men of Manila. Mr. On Sho Tchun is a Chinese sec-

retary of legation. The China will take on coal here and

sail for the coast at 12 o'clock today.

WIRELESS PLANT AT FARALLONES

For the purpose of installing a wireless telegraph plant at the Farallones, the United States Navy tug Unadilla will make a trip today from Mare Island to the islands. The government has at present stations at Point Reyes, Mare Island and Goat Island, and each one has been found to work satisfactorily. The government has been encouraged to such an extent that it will erect stations along the coast as fast as the work can be done.

The Farallones lay about twentyeight miles outside of the Heads, and are so situated that a permanent sintion at this place will be of considerainer.

Beingurance Faid,

The reinsurance money for the sugar steamer Conemaugh which has been posted as lost by Lloyd's has been paid to the Honolulu people who gambled on the ship's fate. The Conemaugh sailed from this port last December and was never heard of after leaving Coronel. The local shipping men were of the opinion that she would show up but considérable money was sent to San Francisco to be played against her arrival. The money for the lucky guessers arrived on the Sonoma.

Won His Suit.

Customs Broker H. J. Johnston won O. S. S. Ventura, Hayward, for San his appeals to the Treasury Department Stmr. W. G. Hall, S Thompson, for Echo not having a crew list and from the decision that the Lothair which lay Stmr. Kausi, Bruhn, for Maui ports, off port some weeks ago when her captain was sick most pay wharfage fees. Am. sp. Hawaiian Isles, Mallett, for Both fine and fees were ordered remit-Stmr. Likelike, Naopala, for Maui,

Shipping Notes.

The Iroquois will sail for San Francisco Saturday. The steamer Mikahala sailed for Kau-

ai ports yesterday. The barkentine Amaranth was busy

yesterday taking on ballast., The British ship Fairport began dis-

charging her cargo of nitrates for the Hawaiian Fertilizer Company yesterday. The survey board has recommended that the Ifoquois be repaired and over-

hauled. The work will cost about \$1000. new wharf at the foot of Fort street. The beams are nearly all in place and the planking will be put on soon,

The Skip, a twenty foot sloop belonging to Mr. Ward has been sold to J. E. Jaeger, treasurer of Allen & Robinson. The consideration was \$70. Five crews of landsmen from the training cruiser Buffalo were out on the bay yesterday afternoon practicing. They

and practiced landing at the wharves.

went through maneuvers with the oars

DANGEROUS CATERPILLARS. The hairs of the brown caterpillars, which is the caterpillar of the brown-Cooke, Otto H. Swezey, J. W. Spring- tail moth, are full of tiny barbs so extremely small that they are quite invisible. The barbs catch in the human Por stmr, Likelike, October 5, for skin and break off. This causes the Mani and Mel-kai ports and Kawaihae skin to itch enough to lead the person -S. E. Taylor, James Bibb and wife, to scratch, Inflammation follows, and caused by polson lry,

PHELPS MAY NOT WINTER HERE

This is still considerable question as to the movements of the ship Erskine M. Phelps which is at present tied up at Navy Wharf No. 2. It is probable that she will remain in port until the opening of the sugar season yet-there is a possibility that she may sail for the nitre coast to load nitrates for New York or Philadelphia. In the latter case it is probable that she will bring anothercargo of coal to this port for the goyernment and carry sugar away with her. Captain Graham seems satisfied with this port and doubtless would cast his vote in favor of remaining here until the opening of the season.

ANOTHER FIRE LAST NIGHT

An alarm of fire sent in from Box 71 at 10:53 last night called the department to the corner of Liliha and Kuskini streets, where a small store building owned by one Mau En Fook, residing at his store at Alapai and Lunalilo streets, was discovered on fire. The store which was unoccupied, was on ground leased from a Hawaiian by the name of Puas, who resides in the house just mauka. A Chinese lives in a little house in the rear of the burned building and he was the first one to see the fire, being awakened from a sound sleep by the flames.

Mrs. A. V. Inman, whose husband is an engineer on one of the island steamers, lives in the house just makal of the store. She had just retired and was half asleep when she heard a crackling and looked out of her window in time to see the whole store in flames. She tried to telephone an alarm but failing she ran out crying "Fire." A soldler, who was passing, ran down to the corner of Liliha and School streets and turned in an alarm. The department responded quickly but the house was too far gone to be saved. The shack in the rear was gutted.

Mr. Puas said that the fire seemed to originate at the back of the house near the ground. As the Chinaman often cooks in a little shed at the back it is thought that he left some sparks and that these were the cause of the blaze. It is not known whether there was any insurance but it is reported that the Oahu Lumber Co. has a mortgage on the building. Residents of the neighborhood are loud in their requests for a fire alarm box, the nearest being at School street and the nearest mauks at Judd street.

LUBLINE MAY COME

The yacht Lurline left Hilo on the 20th of August and reached her home had avoided any review of the evidence port. San Pedro, in twenty-one days, in his address. The evidence could The voyage was a very pleasant one and had the wind been stronger she would have made a very quick passage. It took seven days to make the last five for the life of the valuable citizen takhundred miles owing to light weather and calms. The schooner carried her gaff topsails for sixteen days continuously and there were many days when it was so smooth they did not have to self or anybody else and who ought not use the racks on the table.

The Lurline was soon to go on the ways and be copper painted and then will be laid up for the winter. Mr. Sinclair writes that he will probably come from the fine imposed for the barkentine down again next year and cruise around our islands but will not go further south. When he left here he hoped to induce some of the other large cruising yachts to accompany him so that it is quite possible that we will have several of the California pleasure fleet cruising in our water next season.

PULLED THE PREACHER DOWN.

At the unveiling ceremony of the famous Bartholdi statue the clergyman/ who offered the opening prayer was inclined to spin out his petition. General Sherman was sitting beside him, and at length, quietly putting out his hand, he pulled the reverend gentleman by the coat tails gently back into his seat. When asked about the incident, the general coolly replied: "I thought he'd told God about all He wanted to know for one time, and Good progress is being made on the others were waiting their turn at the public."

VESSELS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY. U. S. S. Iroquois, Niblack, station

U. S. Training Cruiser Buffalo, Ever-

ett, Midway and Alaska, Sept. 20. MERCHANT VESSELS. Ameranth, Am. bkt., Bower, Newcastle,

Sept. 25. China, Am str., Friele, Hongkong, via

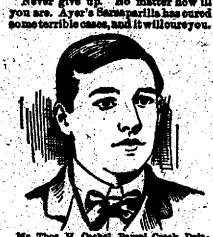
Yokobama, Oct. & Erskine M. Phelps, Am. sp., Graham, Philadelphia, Aug. 31. Fairport, Br. sp., Armstrong, Hamburg,

Paul Isemberg, Ger. bk., Janssen, Hamburg. Sept. 25. Santiago, Am. bk., Anderson, San Francisco, Aug. 28.

W. H. Marston, Am. schr., Curtis, San Francisco, Sept. 20.

A Life Saved

you are. Ayer's Sarsaparilla has oured



know what a wonderful blood purifying modicine is Ayer's Esrasparilla. By ilineas began with sharp pains in the limbs, while I was habiling wet wool. After a day or two I could not walk, and suffered terrible pains. By face turned nearly black, large red blotches came out all over my body, and then I became delirious. I was in two hospitals for some time, and everything was tried, but I grew weaker and weaker, and hecame convinced that nothing could be done for me. I had heard so much about Ayer's Sarsaparilla that I thought I would give it a trial as the last hope. After taking one bottle I thought I feit a little better. So, I procured another bottle, and then acother, and still another. I gradually improved, and in due time left my bed for the first time in six months. I am now in good health, and I say to every one that Ayer's Sarsaparilla saved my life."

AYER'S

There are many imitation Sarsaparillas, Be sure you get "Ayer's." Propored by Dr. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mana, U. S. A. HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

MURDER FIRST DEGREE.

(Continued from Page 5.)

knew if Miranda nad a knize or not; do not know where he got the knife; the woman was behind a tree feeding herself. To a juror—The woman had no thorn in her foot; they were not sitting on the ground together after he got the light. To the court—I know because from the time he took the lantern he kept on walking; know this because as he walked along he held my

At-12:10 recess was taken until 2 p. m. GOES TO JURY.

"We close, your Honor," was all Mr. Thompson said when the court resumed

sitting at 2 pt m. 🐭 Mr. Davis proceeded at once to deliver the closing address to the jury on

behalf of the defense. As in his opening remarks he conceded that there was no question of Miranda's guilt so far as causing Mr. Damon's death, was concerned but he went on to contend that the Attorney General had not proved and could not prove the ingredients of murder in the first degree. Quoting from eminent writers of law. Mr. Davis made an eloquent plea for a verdict of manslaughter. The conditions attending the defendant's whole life were described, the speaker arguing that Miranda's low mental condition should be considered. He was "but one degree above a brute," the idvocate said.

Attorney General Andrews, beginning his closing address for the Territory, complimented the defendant's counsel on the ability they had shown in conducting the defense. It was proof of the astuteness of Mr. Davis that he leave no room for doubt that the defendant was guilty of a foul, premeditated, cold-blooded murder. His forfeited life would be but poor reparation en by him, for the loss to his wife and children of their protector and for the anxiety, sorrow and trouble caused to the community by the crime of that wretch who was of no good use to himfurther be allowed to cumber the earth with his existence. The Attorney General rapidly reviewed the evidence, contending from it that malice aforethought and deliberate premeditation had been proved, even from his own mouth, against the defendant. Mr. Andrews concluded a powerful address at 2:50.

Judge Gear delivered an elaborate charge to the jury, quoting freely from judicial authorities. He stated all of the presumptions in favor of the accused first and then the presumptions against him. Premeditation, it was shown, did not need to occupy any appreciable length of time. Self-defense could not be considered where a homicide had not had reason to fear danger to his life or great bodily harm from his victim. The court defined from the Hawalian statutes the different verdicts upon one of which the jury might decide. These were murder in the first or second degree, it being for the jury to say which; manslaughter in the first or second degree, and assault and bat-

Deputy Attorney General Prosser suggested that still another class of verdict might be that of "not guilty." Judge Gear observed that it had never been contended in this case that the defendant was not guilty in one of the five classes he had named.

GUILTY AS CHARGED. The jury retired at 4:16. They retured at 5:25, or one bour and ten minutes later, with the verdict of guilty already recorded.

At the request of Mr. Thompson the jury were polled, when each of them answered in clear and positive tones that it was his verdict which had been rendered.

Mr. Thompson, on behalf of the defendant, noted exceptions to the verdict as contrary to the law and the evidence, and gave notice of motion for a new trial. This saves the right of appeal to Miranda if he or his friends desire to take it, as the formality must be observed before the discharge of the jury.

Judge Gear, after setting the time of sentence with the remarks already re-

OF CURRENT INTEREST.

\$5,000 FOR TWO FLEAS.

A. M. Baber, East Cape agent of the Northeastern Siberian Company, has reached Seattle, Wash, with two Siberian fleas for which he expects to get \$5,000 from Charles Rothschild, a London financier and member of the famous Rothschild family of bankers. Mr. Baber found the two fleas on a

live Arctic fox. For many years Mr. Rothschild has made a study of the pulex irrhans, the scientific name given to the insect. He has gathered them from the remote parts of the world. At Tring park, London, he has thousands and thousands of the insects in glass jars. Every flea known to solence is in Mr. Rothschild's collection with the exception of the flee found upon the body of

the Arctic fox. Mr. Rothschild succeeded in obtaining specimens of the polar bear flea and the Esquimaux dog flea, and has for years been trying to complete the collection with the Arctic for fles.

It is said that Mr. Rothschild had the greatest difficulty in getting natives to pick fleas from the bodies of wild tigers in the jungles of India, and from the South African lion while that animal was roving in his native state. He got them, however. It is reported that Mr. Rothschild has also sent sgents to get fleas off the mule-hoofed hogs of Indian Territory and from a peculiar breed of jack rabbits in West. ern Kansas.

POCAHONTAS' GRAVE.

In commemoration of the Indian Princess Pocahontas, who died at Gravesend, England, when about to sail home to Virginia with her husband in 1618, St. George's church, in Wapping is to have a pulpit made from the wood brought from Virginia, Pocahontas is buried in the changel of St. George's church.

at the head of the class, and in like manner girls with fair hair are likely to be far more studious and bright than girls with dark hair.

TO JUDGE BRAINS BY HAIR.

Schoolboys with chestnut hair. It is

said, are likely to be more clever than

any others and will generally be found

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY. The uniform success of this remedy

has made it the most popular preparation in use for bowel complaints. It is everywhere recognized as the one remedy that can always be depended upon and that is pleasant to take. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii. ported, stated that he might be called to sit in the Supreme Court today. While adjourning court until 9:30 this morning, he excused his regular panel of jurors until 19 o'clock on Tuesday

BOTTLED SUNSHINE

Scott's Emulsion brings sunshine to the entire system of the consumptive.

All life is sunshine. The sun pouring its rays into the plant combines earth, water and air into new plant tissue. Sunshine stored up in the plant is its life.

The animal changes plant tissue into animal tissue, changes the stored up sunshine of plant life into animal

Fat contains more stored up sunshine than any other form of animal tissue. This is why Scott's Emulsion of pure cod liver oil is literally bottled sunshine, full of rich nourishment and new life for the consumptive.

We'll send you a sample free upon request. SCOTT & BOWNE 409 Petrl Street, New York

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Bunions?

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PLASTERS

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